McKean County Miner.

VOLUME XXIII

SMETHPORT, PA., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1886.

NUMBER 40

McKean County Miner

[illegible] ROGERS, Proprietor

[illegible] and Departure of Mails

[illegible] (Bradford Branch) ar[illegible] p. m., and leaves at [illegible]

[illegible] R. R. arrives at 10 a. m. [illegible] 6 a. m. and 1 30 [illegible]

[illegible] Mail leaves at 12 11 p. [illegible]

[illegible] Tuesday, Thursday [illegible] and departs at 1 30 p. [illegible]

[illegible] before leaving time. [illegible] for Postal or Letters [illegible] and 2 30 p. m. [illegible] Sundays for delivery of mail [illegible]

W. A. SPRAGUE, P. M.

Lodge Directory

F. & A. M.

[illegible] No. 288 F. & A. M., meets on [illegible] Wednesday of each [illegible] p. m., at Mason's Hall

H. P. BRAWLEY, W. M.

A. O. U. W.

[illegible] No. 102, meets every [illegible] Tuesday evening of each [illegible] W. Hall, Backus Block

WESLEY GIFFORD, M. W.

G. A. R.

[illegible] meets every Thursday even[illegible] W. Hall, Backus Block

[illegible] BACKUS, Com

I. O. O. F.

[illegible] evening at Backus Hall

W. M. [illegible], N. G.

K. O. T. M.

[illegible] evening at 7 30 in Back[illegible]

[illegible] BACKUS, Com

Churches

[illegible] pastor. Preaching [illegible] a. m. and [illegible] p. m. every Sunday. Sabbath school [illegible] after morning service. [illegible] Sunday. Prayer Meeting [illegible] evenings at 7 o'clock. S. S. [illegible] meetings Friday evenings at 7 o'clock. [illegible] Saturday evenings at 7.

[illegible] pastor. Services [illegible] and 7 p. m. Sunday school [illegible] morning services. Prayer meeting [illegible] evenings at 7. Covenant meeting [illegible] before the first Sunday in every [illegible] supper every two months. All [illegible]

[illegible] Rector [illegible] Sunday at 10 30 a. m. and 7 p. m. [illegible] 8 a. m., except the first Sunday [illegible] month. Sunday school at 9 30 a. m.

[illegible] Catholic Church, J. J. [illegible] Pastor. Mass at 11 a. m. Service at 3 [illegible] School at 3 p. m. Services on [illegible] Sunday at Smethport and Clermont.

Borough Officers.

[illegible] A. F. Palmer [illegible] Chas. Kruger, R. [illegible] Armstrong and [illegible]

[illegible] M. Smith, F. Ford [illegible] Buckingham [illegible] Backus, F. L. Bennet, [illegible] Wilson, Carl Sasse, D. C. Young and [illegible] Sterrett [illegible] Knapp [illegible] M. Smith [illegible] Richmond, John Forrest, W. [illegible] F. Walker [illegible] Bonner and F. A. Powell

Official Directory

DISTRICT AND COUNTY

[illegible] Judge—A. G. Olmsted, Coudersport, [illegible] Judges—Henry Hamlin, Smethport [illegible] Tullis, Bradford [illegible] of Congress—W. W. Brown, Bradford [illegible] Senator—L. Emery, Jr., Bradford [illegible] of Assembly—R. H. Rose, Smethport [illegible] Attorney—Ernest Schaefer, Smethport [illegible] A. F. Hanson, Smethport [illegible] J. W. McElroy, Smethport [illegible] Treasurer—[illegible] Melvin, Bradford [illegible] W. D. Gallup, Smethport [illegible] A. Reilly, Smethport [illegible] John R. Sweenaker, Smethport [illegible] B. F. Pattison, F. [illegible] Clark [illegible] F. Brower, Thos. Osborn, O. N. [illegible] Appraiser—E. L. Barden, Eldred [illegible] R. A. Dempsey, Bradford [illegible] School Superintendent—W. O. Campbell, [illegible] Terms of Court—Fourth Monday in [illegible] May and September, and Third [illegible] December

State.

[illegible] Robert E. Pattison [illegible] Chauncey F. Black [illegible] Jerome B. Niles [illegible] Wm. Livsey [illegible] Internal Affairs—J. Simpson Af[illegible]

Physicians.

Freeman & Hardick.

[illegible] PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS, office in [illegible] House, Smethport, Pa.

H. L. McCoy.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, office in E. B. [illegible] Drug Store, Main street, Smethport

S. D. Freeman.

[illegible] Physician and Consulting phy[illegible] Surgeon. Office hours from 10 to [illegible] Smethport, Pa.

M. J. Sharp.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office two [illegible] Rockwell House, Smethport, Pa.

DR. [illegible] O'DONNELL, KANE.

DR. THOMAS L. KANE.

Physicians and Surgeons,

KANE, PA.

HOTELS

Chautauqua House

[illegible] Street, Smethport, Pa., H. H. Vincent, Proprietor

[illegible] has recently been greatly improved [illegible] appointments, making it one of the [illegible] in the county. Good [illegible] attentive clerks. The tables are sup[illegible] with all the delicacies of the season. [illegible] share of the public patronage is respectfully [illegible]

WRIGHT HOUSE,

[illegible] Street, Smethport, Penn'a. B. F. Wright, Proprietor

[illegible] is recently built, and is fur[illegible] with all the conveniences of a [illegible] hotel. A well stocked and [illegible] kept Bar connected with the [illegible] First class in every respect. [illegible] reasonable.

Grand Central Hotel,

[illegible] Street, Smethport, Pa., F. N. Taylor, Proprietor.

[illegible] has recently been renovated [illegible] furnished. The table and bar [illegible] supplied with the best the [illegible] affords. First class in every [illegible] Rates reasonable.

BUCKTAIL HOTEL

[illegible] Pa., R. E. Looker, Proprietor.

[illegible] and refurnished, and one of [illegible] hotels in McKean County.

Broezel's Hotel,

[illegible] and Wells streets, Buffalo, N. Y. First class in every respect. John Broezel, Proprietor.

Exchange Hotel,

Near McKean and Buffalo Depot, East Smethport, Pa. J. H. Sowers, Proprietor.

[illegible] is newly made and furnished [illegible] all respects for the comfort and convenience of the traveling public.

Professional Cards.

Attorneys.

BYRON D. HAMLIN. JOHN FORREST.

Hamlin & Forrest,

LAW AND LAND OFFICE, Smethport, Pa. Office of the late firm of Hamlin & Forrest (formerly Keating & [illegible]) situated in the counties of McKean, Potter, Cameron, Clinton and Clearfield.

D. STERRETT ROBERT H. ROSE

Sterrett & Rose,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS. Office in Backus Block, Smethport, Pa.

JOHN A. BACKUS SHERIDAN GORTON

Backus & Gorton,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW. Office in Backus Block, Main street, Smethport, Pa.

M. L. Keenan.

ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office opposite Chautauqua House, Smethport, Pa. All legal business attended to promptly.

Orr & Koester.

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW. Office in Dikes and Wright Block, Bradford, Pa.

THOS. A. MORRISON JOHN N. APPLE Notary Public.

Morrison & Apple,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW. Office nearly opposite the Court House, Smethport, Pa. All legal business promptly attended to. Examination and abstracts of land titles, Orphans' Court practice, and collections specialties.

W. B. MILLIKEN T. F. RICHMOND

Milliken & Richmond,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW, Smethport, Pa. All legal business promptly attended to.

W. B. Chapman & Son.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW. Oil Exchange, Bradford, Pa.

P. Ford

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW. Office Miner Block, Church Street, Smethport, Pa.

J. K. Wallace.

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Bradford, Pa. Claims promptly collected.

M. McSWEENEY M. H. BYLES.

McSweeney & Byles,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW, Room Producer's Exchange, Bradford, Pa.

Geo. A. Sturgeon,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW. Room 10, Oil Exchange, Bradford, Pa.

[illegible] STONE. A. [illegible]WELL.

Stone & Well,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW. Pompelion Hall, Bradford, Pa.

Mullin & McClure.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Corner Main and Pine Sts. Bradford, Pa.

James C. Boyce.

ATTORNEY AT LAW, AND COUNSELOR IN PATENT CAUSES. Office Room 3, Cor. Main & Webster Sts. Bradford, McKean Co., Pa.

E. B. Mayo.

ATTORNEY AT LAW, AND NOTARY PUBLIC, Eldred, McKean Co., Pa.

P. H. Cotter

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Eldred, Pa. Will promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care.

Snyder & Colegrove.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, offices—Port Allegany, McKean county, and Coudersport, Potter County, Pa.

MASONIC HALL FURNITURE STORE!

Specht & Sasse

We are now settled in our new store and are prepared to furnish the people of this vicinity again as ever with

FURNITURE!

of all kinds and of

PRICE AND QUALITY

to suit the purchaser.

Undertaking in all its branches.

Full and Complete Line of

WALL PAPER!

Constantly on hand.

Friends and patrons are invited to

CALL AND SEE U[illegible]

in our location and

Look at our Stock

SPECHT & SASSE,

Main St., Smethport, Pa.

WIN more money than at anything else by taking an agency for the best selling book out. Beginners succeed grandly. None fail. Terms free. Hallett Book Co., Portland, Maine. 52-ly

C. V. GILLIS,

dealer in

Drugs and Medicines

PAINTS, OILS,

FANCY GOODS, &C.

KANE PA

The Best Meat and Vegetable MARKET!

—IN—

SMETHPORT

I am prepared to furnish the people of the town and adjacent country with

Fresh meat, Ham, Sausages, Salt meats, Corned Beef, Lard, Chickens, &c.

—ALSO.—

VEGETABLES

IN THEIR SEASON.

A FIRST CLASS LINE OF

FAMILY GROCERIES

AT PRICES AS LOW AS THE LOWEST

A Full Line of

CANNED GOODS

Highest market price paid for Hides and Pelts.

C. W. WILLIAMS.

Main Street, - - - Smethport, Pa.

Farm for Sale.

FARM containing one hundred acres good grass and grain land. Fine apple orchard, also pear orchard that paid nearly one hundred dollars for last season's crop, never failing springs and spring brook running through the farm. This is considered one of the most productive farms in the county, with dwelling house, milk and corn-house, barn and horse barn, also sugar bush. Will be sold on reasonable terms. Part cash, balance in yearly installments; may run eight or ten years. The farm is situated three miles from the county seat.

A. REILLY.

Smethport, McKean Co., Pa.

Feb. 20, 1886-tf.

UNCLE NATHAN'S CREED.

Dar's er mighty se'us question dat de folkses can't decide,
An' leavin' aside 'pinions ob de 'ligious mighty wide,
Fur I hear 'em say in meetin', wid er mighty happy look,
Dat er man is safe in heben, ef h s name is on de book

Now I feel I'm mighty ignorant, but I knows er thing er two,
An I'm gwine ter take dis subject, an' I'm gwine ter run her through,
Fur I never did believe it (an' yer knows its mighty thin),
Dat er man can git ter heben while he's 'mittin' ob er sin.

Dus yer spose, ef I was walkin' through a watermellon patch,
Er 'longing ter a neighbor, an' just take a little snatch,
An' de comle come a runnin' like de ingin on de track
Dat I could walk in heben wid er million on my back?

Dus yer spose ef I was comin' 'bout de feedin' ob de fowl,
An' I stopp' for ter listen at de crowin' ob de fowl,
Wus ter reach my han' right easy, an' pull him offide rail,
Dat I could go to heben wid dat rooster by de tail?

So der ain't no use talkin', den, yer's got ter do de right,
A-walkin' through de mellon patch, or hang de roost at night
For I never did believe it (an' yer know it's mighty thin),
Dat a man can git to heben while he's 'mittin' ob er sin.

THE HAPPIEST WOMAN.

Bob Marshall lived in a rough town in Pennsylvania, and was the hardest drinker of the many hard drinkers of the place. Not that he ever lay in the gutter, or neglected his business.

No, he was a very industrious man, had a good house, a good, quiet wife, and a family of bright, well cared for children. He belonged to that class of men who can drink heavily with little perceptible effect.

He kept a jug beside him as he worked, and every hour or half hour as inclination prompted, he would help himself to a glass. But the liquor did not brighten his nose or his brain, neither did it seem to becloud either. A fifth of the whiskey which he took daily would have sent one of his neighbors into driveling imbecility, and another into delirium tremens.

During the last temperance movement, a zealous worker in the cause, a little, pale faced woman, went to T—— (this was Bob Marshall's home), for she had heard it said that if any people on earth needed to be warned against drinking, it was these. Many persons had advised her against going to this rough town. She would be derided and insulted, they said.

When she applied for the use of the town hall it was denied.

"We know all you can say," said the man applied to. "You can't tell the drinking man half as much about the evils of intemperance as he can tell you. Almost every man in this town drinks and folks ain't going to turn out to hear themselves abused by a woman who ought to be at home minding her house and children. You'll be insulted and perhaps assaulted, and the law will have to interfere for your protection."

The pastor of one of the two churches of T—— was absent. In the other there were nightly meetings of prayer for a revival, so the little woman could get neither church.

But that May evening at half past six, about the time when people were leaving their tea tables, the town bell began to clang in a quick way which startled and alarmed everybody.

Some one said he guessed there was a fire, and someone else, half hearing this, reported that there *was* a fire, and soon the word was running from mouth to mouth and men and boys and women were hurrying towards the town hall from every one of the crooked streets.

When a goodly crowd was assembled in the yard, and everybody was asking everybody else where the fire was, and why the bell was ringing, and what was the matter, etc., etc., the pale little woman appeared first on the hall steps, and then on a dry goods box near, and began to speak.

"My friends," she said.

There was a lull in the talk all about her, for her voice was clear as a bell, and surprisingly full for such a little body.

"My friends," she repeated, and this time the words penetrated farther, and those who had not heard her saw her standing up there.

The people ceased about her and became silent.

"You ask what is the cause of this alarm. I will tell you. There is growing in this town a tree against which I must warn you. Listen! When I tell you of the baneful influence it is exhaling, and when I point it out to you, will you promise me to lay the axe to the roots, and hew it down and cast it into the fire?"

I wish I could reproduce that speech entire for you. But I could no more do it than I could paint the movement and the music of a river.

That assembly of men in their artizan clothes, or women in their kitchen aprons, of children in their school dresses, caught there in the lengthening shadows, seemed turned into statues by the earnest, eloquent appeal of a small woman.

The address was short, and at its close Mrs. P—— said,—

"I would like to speak to you again to-morrow evening. Will you come to hear me?"

"Yes! yes! yes!" was the response from all parts of the crowd.

"Then meet me here at half past six to-morrow."

The next day the authorities waited on the determined little woman, and offered her the use of the town hall.

This was the initiation of one of the most noticeable temperance movements which ever visited a little town.

Bob Marshall stood up against it, and behind Bob Marshall stood scores of other men, and behind these scores of other men stood scores of women.

Many of Bob's neighbors, friends and cronies who had signed the pledge went to him with the story of their new liberty and their new hope, and begged him to covenant with them; to promise them and their wives and their children, as they had promised, to abstain from all traffic in drink. But Bob good-naturedly but emphatically refused to take the pledge, dismissing all their arguments with a breath. He declared that his drinking wasn't hurting himself or others.

"It is hurting others," the temperance people urged. "You're at the head of the 'hold outers.' You're the most influential man among them. Fifty or a hundred men are standing behind you, covered by you. Admitting that whiskey doesn't hurt you, it's hurting them. If you'll join the movement, we'll reform the last man of them."

Still Bob refused. If there were men behind him, he had nothing to do with their being there; they put themselves there, etc.

But the greater the opposition he offered, the more determined were the temperance people to conquer his will. They ordered to the front their logicians, their eloquent men, their persuasive women, till Bob's refusal, from being good natured, grew to be coldly polite, then severely dignified. At length, one day, he replied angrily:

"Look here! I'm tired of this. You meddlers, get out of my shop, and let me alone. Don't you come botherin' me with this talk any more. I've had enough of this naggin'. You're an impudent set of fellows to come advising me about my duty to my wife and children. Which cares most for 'em, you or me? You'd better go and look after your own wives and children. Mine have more clothes and better clothes than any of yours, and the clothes are all paid for, and that's more than some of you can say. Look out for your own homes, and let mine alone. My wife ain't goin' to thank you for meddlin' about her happiness. She's the happiest woman in town now. Tend to your own wives, I tell you again, I say mine's the happiest woman in town."

He said the same thing, "My wife's the happiest woman in the town," to the old gray haired minister, sent to him by the persevering temperance people.

The minister had married Bob to this happiest woman in town, had received the happiest woman into church, had instructed all Bob's children, had been the family adviser and sympathizer.

When Bob said to him, "My wife's the best cared for woman in town, the happiest woman in town," the minister replied:

"But she might be the happiest woman in any town, the happiest woman in the world, if you'd stop drinking."

"You don't mean to say that it would make her any happier," said Bob.

"Yes, I do. Of course it would make her happier."

"Did she say that it would?" Bob demanded sharply.

"Not that I know of, but there is no right feeling woman who is not shamed and grieved by her husband's drinking."

"I don't believe my wife's shamed and grieved at anything I do, or that she ever has been. My drinking does not worry her. I never get drunk."

"Suppose you ask her," suggested the minister.

"I will, I will ask her to-night," Bob said promptly.

"And what then?" said the minister.

"If she says that it will make her any happier to have me give up drinking, I'll do it. I'll go to your temperance meeting to-night. I'll leave it all with Susan."

"Good!" said the minister, laying his hand on the other's arm and feeling sure of his man.

That evening after tea was over, Bob said to his wife that he would like to have a little talk with her. So they went away to the spare room together and then he told her all about it, how the men and the minister had been talking to him of the arguments they had used, etc., etc., of how he had boasted that she was the happiest woman in town, of the minister's reply.

"Then I told him, Susan, that I'd leave it all to you, and I do, I leave it to you. Aren't you happy, Susan? If you think, Susan, that you would be made any happier by my becoming an abstainer, I'll do it. I'll sign to-night."

There was a dead silence.

"What do you say, Susan?"

What did she say?

She said nothing, not a word.

She fell on her knees and cried and cried as though she never could stop—cried till the tears gathered in Bob's own eyes.

"There! there!" he said. "Don't take on any more. I'll join to-night. I never knew how you cared. You never scolded or fretted like the other women."

"I only wanted that promise," she said, "to make me the happiest woman in the town."

She told him that for fourteen years there had been an aching spot in her heart, a spot haunted by a cruel dread—a fear that he might go down to a drunkard's grave.

That night at the temperance meeting, when the pledge was read and signers called for, Bob Marshall got to his feet in a quiet, resolute way, and then the men who had reasoned with him, and the women who had plead with him, and the wife who had wept and was weeping, saw him go forward to the desk.

"Bob Marshall!"

"It's Bob Marshall!"

"It's Bob!"

"He's going to join!"

These words went from mouth to mouth. People stretched forward to see, rose to their feet, climbing on chairs and benches in wild excitement, and as Bob took the pen and bent over to write his name, the joy of the awakened people broke all bounds.

Cheer followed cheer; the men tossed up their hats, the women waved their handkerchiefs. Then all seemed to be pressing forward to the stand. Some shook Bob's hand, others hugged him, while dozens and scores eagerly put their names to the temperance pledge. For over half an hour the joining went on till it is claimed that every person present was enrolled.

When Bob and his wife got home from the meeting that night, and she had turned up the low-burning lamp on the sitting-room table, she looked into his face with shining eyes, and said:

"To-night, dear husband, your wife is the happiest woman in town."

"And I am as happy as you are, wife. There was a cloud that hung over my life, if I would not confess. It has passed."

There are many mothers who seldom speak of the cloud on their heart's happiness. They suffer on in silence and pray. A single act of self-sacrifice on the part of some might often make such a silent sufferer "the happiest woman in town."—*Youths' Companion.*

RUNS HIS HOUSE BY RULES.

Baltimore News.

There are a good many queer people in this world. Just at present Baltimore contains as odd a personage as Charles Dickens' Mr. Dick. He is a bookkeeper who runs his house by rules. A reporter of the *News*, who recently visited his residence, says: Placards of rules were placed in every room for the guidance of its occupants, and for their violation sundry penalties are provided. In the hall the following rules were posted, the placard being wedged in the crevice of the mirror in the hat-rack:

Please hang your hat up.

Please wipe your feet.

Please do not take away our umbrellas.

Please put your umbrella in the rack.

Enter the parlor by the first door to the left.

In the parlor he found a similar poster. It was fastened to the shade of a drop-light, and at night its letterings was brought into conspicuous prominence by the light under it. The placard read thus:

Please do not soil the photograph album.

Please do not finger the oil paintings to see if they are genuine, for they are.

Please do not touch the mineral specimens on the side table.

Please do not move your chair from the position it occupies.

Please close the piano after using it and put the music where you found it. If you found it out of its place put it where it belongs.

No visitors entertained in this parlor before 2 p. m., and between the hours of 6 and 8 p. m. and after 10.30 p. m. Any visitor calling at any hour when no entertainment is allowed will be compelled to await the arrival of the hour when some member of the family is permitted to enter.

Young men will please observe the rule that no visitors are entertained after 10.30 p. m.

Members of this family are prohibited from occupying this parlor except to entertain callers.

The rules are rough on visitors, but the reporter learned from a regular visitor to one of the young ladies of the house that they are rigidly enforced. Suspended from a chandelier, which overhangs the dining-table in the dining-room, was a placard which read thus:

Please take your time in eating.

Please replace the different articles in the castors.

Please do not place your elbows on the table.

Please sit upright in your chair.

Please eat with your fork.

In the kitchen the servant girl kept such a close watch upon the reporter that he could not copy the rules he saw over the dresser. He got a few furtive glances at them. They were very long, and outlined in detail the cook's duties, such as the amount of salt, pepper and other condiments to be placed in certain articles of food, the amount of flour required for biscuits and rolls for each meal, when butter has to be used, etc. There was a place for every pan and pot, and each was specified. Even the amount of coal required for a day's use in the kitchen stove was set down. There was a special injunction that everything was to be kept neat and clean, and failure to do so would be detected by the master of the house, who would inspect the kitchen every day. The servant girl was allowed to receive company on one night each week, and she was permitted to take Sunday night to herself, provided she would return by 10.30 p. m. Violation of the rules was punishable by her being kept on duty one night and refused company either for one, two or three weeks, as the magnitude of the offence might justify.

The harshness of the paterfamilias was brought into full play when he devised the rules for the bed-chamber which his two daughters occupied. The placard was of the same pattern as those in other rooms throughout the house—12 inches by 8, plain black lettering, surrounded by a broad, black border. The placard was suspended by a ribbon from the top of the mirror frame, and the card covered the top of the glass. It was probably placed in that position by the father to insure its being seen long and often. Every time that either of those young ladies ties her bonnet-strings, arranges her hair or gazes into the depths of her blue eyes she cannot help seeing that placard. Any young lady must know how often, then, those rules meet the eyes of the fair occupants of that room. They read thus:

My daughters will refrain from using cosmetics, paints, powder and other such stuff on every occasion.

Tight lacing is prohibited.

No conspicuous jewelry must be worn.

Rosewater is the only perfume permitted.

The teeth and nails must be carefully brushed at least twice a day.

The bureau drawers must be kept in in prime order.

No high-heeled or tight-fitting shoes allowed.

No garments should be thrown hap-hazard on the chairs.

The lights in this room must be extinguished at 11 o'clock p. m. promptly.

It is unnecessary to add that my daughters will say their prayers before retiring at night and after rising in the morning.

Similar rules are placarded in the chamber occupied by the father and mother. Even the son is not exempt, and he is told how often to shave, what kind of cravat to wear, etc.

A LADY in East Liberty, Pa., whose face was covered with sores, was cured by using one bottle of "Dr. Lindsey's Blood Searcher." o

CARLYLE'S IDEA.

Exactly fifteen years ago, says the *Pall Mall Gazette*, a north-country lad, who was searching after knowledge in the midst of work in a printer's office, wrote to Carlyle, asking for advice in regard to the choice of books. The following letter is Carlyle's reply. His correspondent has justified the sage's good wishes, and is now the director of an important journal in the north of England.

No. 5 CHEYNE ROW, CHELSEA, Feb. 14, 1871.—DEAR SIR: Your letter has pleased and interested me; and certainly I wish you progress in your ingenuous pursuit, which may be defined as the highest and truest for all men in all rank of life. Evermore is wisdom the highest of conquests to every son of Adam, nay, in a large sense, the one conquest; and the precept to every one of us is ever: "Above all thy greetings, get understanding." Books are certainly a great help in this pursuit; but I know not if they are the greatest; the greatest I rather judge are one's own earnest reflections and meditations, and to begin with a candid, just, and sincere mind in oneself. Books, however, especially the books of sincere and true-seeing men, are indisputably a great resource of guidance and assistance here, and, indeed, are at present almost the only one we have left.

I have more than once thought of such a list as you speak of (for we all, in universities as well as workshops, labor under that difficulty, and in the end each of us has to pick his own way), but a good list of the kind would be extremely difficult to do, and would be both an envious and precarious one. Impossible to be right in all your judgments of books, and still more impossible to please everybody with it if you even were! Perhaps I may try something of it some good day nevertheless.

For the rest, I can assure you that your choice of a Homer is perfectly successful: I reckon Pope's still fairly the best English translation, though there are several newer, and one older, not without merit; in regard to style, or outward garniture, neither Pope nor one of them has the least resemblance to rough old Homer; but you will get the shape and essential meaning out of Pope as well as another. In regard to Plato (Socrates didn't *write* anything, and he is known chiefly by what Plato and Xenophon say of him) your best recourse will probably be "Bohn's Classical Library," a readable translation at 4 or 5 shillings, which any country bookseller can get for you on order; and, indeed, I may say, in regard to all manner of books, "Bohn's Publication Series" is the usefulest thing I know, and you might as well send to him for a catalogue, which doubtless he would willingly send you for the postage stamps. As to English history, Hume's is universally regarded as the best; but perhaps none of them can rigorously be called good, and you will be wise to take the first book you can come at, and to read that with all your attention, keeping a map before you, and looking around you on all sides; especially looking before and after for chronology's sake—upon which latter at least, if not upon various other things, you may find it very useful to take notes. Pinkerton's "Geography," even the octavo abridgment (still more the two-volume quarto original), is a useful book in such studies. In political economy I consider Smith's "Wealth of Nations," which is the beginning of all the books since, to be still, by many degrees, the best, as well as the pleasantest to read, and in regard to that of "Political Economy," nay even to that of Plato, etc., you must not be surprised if the results arrived at considerably disappoint you, and sometimes, though also sometimes not, completely deserve to do so.

Wishing you heartily well, and recommending silence, sincerity, diligence, and patience as the grand conditions of every useful success in your pursuit, I remain, yours sincerely.

T. CARLYLE.

Solemn Truth.

From the New York Sun.

The following question is asked us by a young man in New-Hampshire:

"Which requires the most study, to make a first-class lawyer, or a first-class physician and surgeon, in the general acceptance of the term?"

To make himself either a first-class lawyer or a first-class physician a man must study hard his life through. There is no let-up, and there is no end to his work, no matter how long he lives; and after he has been admitted to the bar or to practice he must be even more studious than he was during his preparatory training. If he ceases to study, or gives up study as a daily habit, he is bound to fall behind while his more industrious competitors drive ahead of him, and his place is pretty sure to be further and further in the rear.

But so it is in every profession and in every occupation. The study of the boy simply introduces him to the steady work he must do as a man, and the most valuable profit he can get from it is the habit of study and of thorough preparation for whatever he undertakes. His labor of preparation is as mere child's play in comparison with that which is before him as a man, if he is to be first-class in any direction. In general, the first-class man is the one who has the greatest capacity for work and the most fixed determination to perfect himself in what he has to do.

Therefore it promises ill for this New-Hampshire young man that he is evidently looking out for the profession which will exact least work from him. Such a disposition to shirk labor and to hunt for the softest place in life indicates that he is unfit to win high rank in any profession. The workman who does no more than he is compelled to do, who works only under the lash of necessity, never gets ahead in his employment.

It was because Yankee boys were taught to make themselves useful, never begrudging their labor, that formerly they pushed to the head in all departments of activity. They did not measure their work against their pay, and give only so much for so much, but went about what they were set to accomplish with an untiring zeal that won for them successes lost by those who rendered no more service than their employers could exact from them.

Never, young man, give up work simply because it is hard, and never reject it in favor of other which seems likely to indulge your propensity to laziness; and at last you will learn the great lesson of life, that the highest happiness and the greatest satisfaction are found in honest work.

Everything Goes Wrong

In the bodily mechanism when the liver gets out of order. Constipation, dyspepsia, contamination of the blood, imperfect assimilation, are certain to ensue. But it is easy to prevent these consequences, and remove their cause, by a course of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters which stimulates the biliary organ and regulates its action. The direct result is a disappearance of the pains beneath the ribs and through the shoulder blade, the nausea, headaches, yellowness of the skin, furred look of the tongue, and sour odor of the breath, which characterize liver complaint. Sound digestion and a regular habit of body are blessings also secured by the use of this celebrated restorative of health, which imparts a degree of vigor to the body which is its best guarantee of safety from malaria epidemics. Nerve weakness and over-tension are relieved by it, and it improves both appetite and sleep. o

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our regular correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, Sept. 27.—The President has returned to the city and found the departments moving on as oiled gudgeons under the skillful, careful and honest management of the many trained Republican employes whom the Democratic cabinet officers have been wise enough to retain. It is an open secret here that the employes do all the intricate and delicate work of the government, and that in nothing requiring either judgment or *finesse* are the recently appointed Democratic employes called upon or trusted.

Mr. Cleveland is if possible more unwieldy than ever since his summer outing. He got out of the cars and into his carriage at the station with ponderous difficulty, when he got to the White House he was quick to seek his bed, and he seems little inclined to go to work again and sign his name to the many papers which have accumulated on his desk. He spent a good part of the first day after his return at his new country home, whither he was accompanied by Mrs. Cleveland and Mrs. Folsom. The country house is being thoroughly reconstructed, and its barn like Jeffersonian simplicity is yielding to modern canons of architectural common sense and beauty. I think there is but little doubt that Mr. Cleveland intends to spend the evening of his life at "Pretty Prospect," as the place has been christened. But there is just as little doubt that he hopes to have another term in the White House. It is only necessary to scrutinize his appointments, the measures he approves as well as those he vetoes, to see that his policy is to make himself solid in New York and in the south. There is ample time for him to blunder during the two and a half remaining years of his term, but mediocrity is less liable to slip than genius. The probability is that Mr. Cleveland will be as strong before the next Democratic Nominating Convention as he was before the last. But will the famished Democrats, now hopeless of loaves and fishes, again open their barrels and poll their votes. It is too early, however, to talk about Presidential candidates and my excuse for mentioning it must be that the subject is omnipresent in the air of Washington. Apropos of the air, it is quite cool and bracing at present, and the absent summer dwellers at seaside and mountain are fast returning to the city. But little has been done during the summer towards improving the streets, parks and public buildings of the capital. The penny wise, pound foolish policy of the party in power will soon reduce this beautiful city to its ante-bellum dilapidation. The stagnation is felt even in private enterprises. The houses that are now building are cheap and common compared with those which have gone up during the last decade. In their desperate effort to display a reduced budget on the hustings, the Democrats have deprived the capital and the country with the necessaries of life.

It is too early in the season to expect anything of interest in the political or social world. Nothing is going on in the departments. Not half the cabinet officers have returned from their protracted summer vacation. At the cabinet meeting which will be held early next week the cabinet officers in several departments will be represented by their assistants. It seems to be still unsettled whether or not Mr. Manning will resume charge of the Treasury department. It is believed by those best informed that he will come to Washington on or about the first of October and with the help of his assistants conduct the affairs of the department. There is no question about his mental condition being entirely unimpaired and the only trace of his recent illness that remains is the slight halt in his step that will probably never be cured.

One of the first questions to be considered in the cabinet session will be the disposal of the arch fiend, Geronimo. Gen. Miles' official report of the "surrender," as it is called, has not been made public, and there is a general impression that the wily cut-throat has received promises of protection and immunity from death. If there ever was an occasion and a subject for lynch law we have it in this unspeakable monster. R.

Those Who Will Vote For Beaver.

The soldiers will vote for their comrade, General Beaver, because he was one of them in the work of protecting the Union and extending the rights of citizenship to all our people.

The friends of Abraham Lincoln will vote for him because he gave his services to his administration when work and not words were needed.

Those who advocated freedom for the enslaved will vote for him because he endorsed the Emancipation Proclamation, and advanced such legislation as would secure their rights under the Constitution.

Christians and moralists will vote for him because his life has been an exemplary one, and his record as a citizen is as pure as that of a soldier is famed. His honor is unsullied, his hands are clean, and he stands in our Commonwealth as a soldier statesman.

Consistent temperance men will support him for they feel assured that he will recognize the will of the people in this great question, beyond which no public officer has the right to go.

The Republican party will vote for him because he has been faithful to it and to the country and has shown the same devotion to Republican principles as a citizen that he did as a patriot on the field.

All the well-wishers for an able, pure and just executive officer should give their support to General Beaver.—*Ex.*

TAKE little annoyances out of the way. If you are suffering with a cough or cold, use Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup at once. This old and reliable remedy will never disappoint you. All druggists sell it for 25 cents a bottle.

FOR the relief and cure of the inflammation and congestion congestion called "a cold in the head" there is more potency in Ely's Cream Balm than in anything else it is possible to prescribe. This preparation has for years past been making a brilliant success as a remedy for cold in the head, catarrah and hay fever. Used in the initial stages of these complaints Cream Balm prevents any serious development of the symptoms, while almost numberless cases are on record of radical cures of chronic catarrh and hay fever after all other modes of treatment have proved of no avail.

WITH your next order to your grocer, send for a sample pound of DREYDOPPEL'S BORAX SOAP. You will find it to be the best and cheapest soap you ever used. It is used by the best families in Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington. o

Home Testimonials.

Mrs. Henry Gallup was teaching school in Norwich township last winter, and had been suffering from nervous sick headache a long time, and Miss Lydia Perry, of the same place, told her that there was no use in suffering so much when she could get a sure, simple remedy that she had tried and that had cured her, viz: Dennis' Blood, Liver and Kidney Cure, and one box of Indian Root Pills. She took the advice and now says that she is cured. Go thou and do likewise.

For sale by E. B. McCoy, Smethport, C. R. Burdick, Hamlin, C. A. Anderson and Smith & Hall, Colegrove, Pa.

THE STUFF BROUGHT THEM.

Colonel Phil. Janrey, a drummer for a great whiskey house, has just returned from a trip to Northern Arkansaw. When asked concerning his experience and success, he said: "Nothing worthy the name of adventure occured until the other day. I was driving along a mountain road, secure in the belief that all was well, and doubtless would have remained in that condition had not a violent rain storm come up. I was not very well acquainted with the country and was foolish enough to drive down into a stream. Almost instantly my horses were swept off their feet. They were washed around and lodged against a clump of willow trees, where we found just enough brace to keep the entire affair from sinking. I began to shout for help. I shouted until I was hoarse, and then, drawing up my legs, I waited for my wagon and team to be swept to destruction. The water grew swifter and I saw that to get out of my wagon would be certain death. Finally my loud cries, I was delighted to see, attracted the notice of a number of men.

"'Halloa,' said one fellow, 'what's the matter out there?'

"'I have been washed against these bushes and am likely to be drowned. For God's sake, come out and help me.'

"'We can't come out there. The water will wash us away.'

"'Yes, but don't you see that I am about to drown?'

"'I see all that, but life is worth more than money. We can't help you.'

"'Haven't you got a boat?'

"'Yes, but it might turn over.'

"'For God's sake, men, save me.'

"'Would like to do it but the chances are against you.'

"'I'll pay you for it.'

"'Pay don't amount to nothin'.'

"'I'll do anything for you if you'll come out and save me.'

"'Sorry, but we can't risk our lives this way.'

"'But I tell you that I'll pay you for it.'

"'That's all right, but you kan't pay a man for losin' his life.'

"'Suppose I'd tell you that I've got a wagon load of Bibles, what then?'

"'Wouldn't make no difference.'

"'Say, fellows, as there seems to be no chance, I'll tell you something. This is a prohibition county, isn't it?'

"'That's what it is.'

"'Well, now, let me tell you one thing: I am a drummer for a whiskey house and my wagon is loaded with samples.'

"'What?'

"I repeated the remark.

"'No joke?'

"'No joke.'

"'Well, we don't want to risk our lives for money and all that sort o' stuff, but if you've got whiskey we're with you,' and, sir, they swam out and saved me as well as my wagon and team. They could not endure the idea of such a loss of whiskey."—*Arkansaw Traveler.*

LITERARY NOTES.

Readers of "THE LIBRARY MAGAZINE are given a surprise, in the October issue, by the publishers announcement of a reduction in price to $1.00 a year, and this without reduction of quantity or quality of literary matter given. Considering the fact that it gives more good "solid" reading than either of the great $4.00 Magazines this price seemed already low enough—the only explanation is that "Alden" is the publisher. The October Part contains seventeen leading articles and twenty-four shorter articles in the department of "Current Thought." Froude, the historian, writes of "The Knights Templars"; Geo. S. Coe, the great banker of "Banks and Commerce"; the first Gov. of Texas is sketched in a readable paper; The Marquis of Lorne writes of "Trans-atlantic Home Rule"; Oliver Wendell Holmes has attention in a strong paper which is not all flattery; besides which are papers on "New Eyes for Science," "The Diamond Mines of South Africa," Etc. A specimen copy of the Magazine is sent free to any applicant by the publisher, John B. Alden, New York.

A SMOOTH complexion can be had by every lady who will use Parker's Tonic. For promptly regulating the liver and kidneys and purifying the blood, there is nothing like it, and this is the reason why it so quickly removes pimples and gives a rosy bloom to the cheeks. o

ITCH and Scratches of every kind cured in 30 minutes by Woodford's Sanitary Lotion. Use no other. This never fails. Sold by A. B. Armstrong, druggist, Smethport, Pa. vol23no39-y1

CURIOUS to think that desks and chairs kill people, but they do. Taken in large quantities office furniture is fatal as yellow fever. We sit and write ourselves away. Sedentary habits produce constipation; that begets dyspepsia; rheumatism and kidney trouble follow in their train, and death ends the chapter. You whose lives are passed over desks and in the confined air of offices ought to keep Dr. Kennedy's "Favorite Remedy" always at hand for the stomach and brain. o

AN old and intimate friend of mine is Parker's Hair Balsam. I have used it five years, and could not do without it. It has stopped my hair from falling, restored its natural black color and wholly cleansed it from dandruff.—Miss Pearl Aneson, St. Louis, Mo. o

For Sale.

The subscriber offers for sale two billiard tables—one carom and one pool—at prices and upon terms which enables any man to purchase. For definite information call upon F. N. TAYLOR.

Smethport, Pa., Aug. 4, '85.—tf.

THERE must be an open road between the food we eat and the substance of which our bodies are composed. If the road is clogged or closed we sicken, faint and die. This road is made up of the organs of digestion and assimilation. Of these the stomach and liver are the chief. Most people have had more or less experience of the horrors of constipation. Prevent it and all its fearful sequences by using Dr. Kennedy's "Favorite Remedy." It is the first step that costs. o

A. M. DOYLE, of Columbus, Ga., says: "From my own experience, I know Sellers' Liver Pills' to be the best in use." They cure malaria, etc. o

IMPORTANT.

When you visit or leave New York city, save baggage expressage and carriage hire and stop at the Grand Union Hotel, opposite Grand Central Depot.

Elegant rooms fitted up at a cost of one million dollars, reduced to $1.00 and upwards per day. European plan. Elevator. Restaurant supplied with the best. Horse cars, stages and elevated railroad to all depots. Families can live better for less money at the Grand Union Hotel than at any other first-class hotel in the city. vol 23 no 11ly

Land for Sale.

I have two thousand acres of valuable timber lands for sale, situate in Hamlin township, McKean county, Pa., known as the Wiggan Warrants, Nos. 5876 and 2470. Minerals, gas, oil, etc., reserved. D. A. Easterbrook, Esq., of Smethport, will show the lands to parties wishing to purchase. For further particulars address JOSEPH HOUSLER,

Emporium, or Lock Haven, Pa.

Vol. 22-19-tf

McKean County Miner

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

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ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year or for six or three months are low and uniform and will be furnished on application. Executors and administrators notices $ 1.00 each for six insertions.

Professional cards, not exceeding one inch $5.00 per year.

Local notices ten cents per line for one insertion, five cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, ten cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

All communications should be addressed to

L. RODGERS,

Editor and Proprietor.

Smethport, Pa., October 8, 1886.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET

FOR GOVERNOR,
JAMES A. BEAVER,
Of Centre County.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR
WILLIAM T. DAVIES
Of Bradford County.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL,
A. WILSON NORRIS,
Of Philadelphia.

FOR SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS
THOMAS J. STEWART,
of Montgomery County.

FOR CONGRESSMAN AT LARGE
EDWIN S. OSBORNE,
Of Luzerne County.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET

FOR MEMBER OF CONGRESS 27TH DISTRICT
LEWIS EMERY, Jr.
Subject to the decision of the District Convention.

FOR MEMBER OF THE LEGISLATURE,
F. S. JOHNSON.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER,
JOHN R. SHOEMAKER.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
WM. T. McARTHUR.

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR
I. M. COLEGROVE.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY COMMITTEE.

Chairman—W. P. [illegible]. Secretaries—W. J. Clark, Smethport; [illegible] Ellis, Bradford.

Executive Committee—W. P. Burd[illegible], A. C. Hawkins, J. W. Shaw, J. K. Mitchell and John N. Appl[illegible].

Bradford City, 1st ward 1st dist., A. C. Hawkins.
Bradford City, 1st ward 2d dist., E. P. Whit[illegible].
Bradford City, 2d ward, W. S. Watson.
do 3d J. M. White[illegible].
do 4th J. W. Shaw.
do 5th E. F. Williams.
Bradford twp 1st dist. J. C. [illegible].
do 2d W. H. Pratt.
Annin twp M. J. Bailey.
Ceres twp J. J. Richards.
Corydon twp Philip Thome.
Duke Centre bor 1st dist. [illegible]
do 2d [illegible] Cronk.
Eldred bor A. H. Mayo.
Eldred twp C. M. Slack.
Foster twp 1st dist. M. D. [illegible]
do 2d Wm. N. [illegible]
Hamilton twp W. W. Brewer.
Hamlin twp Lyman [illegible]
Keating twp 1st dist. C. W. [illegible]
do 2d W. A. Saylor.
Kendall bor 1st dist. W. W. [illegible]
do 2d J. K. Mitchell.
Lafayette twp Abram [illegible]
Liberty twp S. R. Semans.
Norwich twp W. [illegible]
Otto twp 1st dist. W. S. [illegible]
do 2d J. R. Nash.
Port Allegany E. P. Stauffer.
Sergeant twp Jno. O. [illegible]
Smethport [illegible]
Wetmore twp David [illegible]

COL. FRED DOW, son of Neal Dow, the great Prohibitionist of Maine, is one of the representatives elected by the Republicans of Portland to the next Legislature of that State.

COL. QUAY is of the opinion that Gen. Beaver's majority will exceed that of last year when he (Quay) was elected State Treasurer by a majority exceeding forty thousand. No man in the State is better qualified to judge of the probable outcome of the present campaign.

THE people of McKean county realize that a great wrong was done John R. Shoemaker three years ago and they propose to repair that wrong to the fullest extent on the 2d of November. He will be elected Treasurer of McKean county by an overwhelming majority.

EVERY side issue and every ticket that tends to draw votes from the Republican party are Democratic in their proclivities and are allies of that party. Be not not deceived by any sophistry but realize the fact that by supporting any one of them you are an assistant Democrat.

TENNESSEE pleasantries: Alf says that when he and Bob were boys they used to play marbles with other children and at the end of the game Bob would manage to have all the marbles in his pocket. The children said then that Bob would be a Democrat.—*Boston Herald.*

THE Philadelphia *Press* of last Saturday, says: "Ex Senator Hall of Elk county, Senator Wallace's friend, looked some friends square in the face yesterday in the Continental Hotel office when they asked him if the Democratic vote was going to come out this year and said he did not know."

THE Wolfe Prohibitionist leaders say that they are not alarmed at the defection in Luzerne county. They needn't be—they haven't much to lose. The ones who are truly alarmed about it are Black, Hensel and the rest of the Democrats, who really have something at stake.—*Phila. North American.*

THE result of Secretary Whitney's treatment of John Roach is that contractors will not bid for the construction of the new war ships, not a single builder having called at the Navy Department to see the specifications for the proposed vessels. American ship-builders are not accustomed to being treated as if they were a lot of helpless vassals whom the Government can prey upon and embarrass at pleasure, and one experience like John Roach's appears to be quite enough for them.—*Phila. Press.*

THE Philadelphia *Press* says that every Democratic Federal employee in that city and throughout the State, so far as known, has received a circular from the Democratic committee indicating that a contribution to the Democratic campaign fund will be necessary, and the amount expected is stated. This is one of the horrible practices of Republican committee in former years against which virtuous and indignant Democrats have always made the most boisterous complaints. It was inexpressibly shocking to the Democratic sense of propriety, and whole barrels of tears were shed by Democratic orators in sympathy for poor Republican clerks whose salaries were thus raided for campaign purposes. It seems, however, that it was wrong only when done by Republican committees, and that the law made under a Republican administration to put a stop to it was only intended to be observed by Republicans.

REPUBLICAN ACHIEVEMENTS.

Hon Jno A Martin, in accepting a re-nomination for Governor by the Republicans of Kansas, recently delivered a powerful speech, in which he vividly portrayed the achievements of the Republican party during the rebellion and for the twenty years succeeding it. It is well enough for Republicans who contemplate supporting side issues thereby continuing the Democratic party in power to read the following extract from the speech:

"I have not my fellow citizens attempted to discuss those questions which divide the people in the larger domain of national politics. It has seemed to me that on an occasion of this character I should confine my remarks to a discussion of state affairs. But I am not indifferent. I could not be indifferent to the essentials of principles or of politics on which the Republican party bases its action and faith. I am before you as a candidate of the Republican party. I have been a Republican from boyhood—am a Republican, enthusiastic, loyal Republican—a Republican from conviction—a Republican who believes that the Republican party embodies in its ranks the best brain and heart and conscience of the American people. In every great question presented during the past thirty years the Republican party has taken the side of justice, liberty and eternal right. Never ashamed or afraid to espouse the cause of the poor, the ignorant and the alien and make their wrongs its own, it has never on the other hand pandered to vice or crime or cupidity for support. When it took control of the general government this country was a weak alliance of discordant States on the verge of civil war and disunion. It crushed armed rebellion, brought the old flag back from places from which it had been driven and made the American republic the greatest of earth. It struck the shackles from 4,000,000 slaves, lifted them up and enfranchised them. It opened the public lands to the beneficent provisions of the homestead act. It spanned the continent with railways. It gave to the people a sound financial system and a stable currency. It revived and fostered American manufactures. It encourages public education. It enriches our history with a long list of imperishable names that will be an inspiration and an example to our youths for generations to come—the names of Lincoln and Grant and Seward and Thomas and Garfield and a host of others. And finally when fraud and terrorism in the South and vilification and falsehood in the North had accomplished their ends and this great party surrendered the trusts it had so long controlled, did its opponents and traducers after the most patient and careful investigation discover any facts or evidence to justify the ignorant and brutal accusations that they had made against Republican honesty and competency? Not a single fact. Not a shadow of evidence. They counted the money and it was all there—every penny of it. They investigated the books, they scanned every account, they scrutinized every item and figure and they found nothing to criticise. And at last one of the most prejudiced Democrats in the country was impelled to declare and did declare that he had been amazed at the perfect system, accuracy and integrity with which the business of his department had been conducted by the Republicans.

"But they turned the rascals out! Oh, yes, that business has been attended to with promptness and regularity. An unending procession of rascals has been moving out for a year and a half. Rascals who invaded the sacred soil of Virginia and Kentucky, who had stolen negroes and made them free, who had been with Grant at Vicksburg and in the Wilderness and with Thomas at Mission Ridge and with Sherman on the march to Atlanta and the sea and with Meade at Gettysburg. Some of these rascals have grown old and gray, some hobbled painfully because of old wounds, some wore an empty sleeve, some had voted against that great Democratic patriot Vallandigham and some had years before been guilty of singing a song about hanging a great Democratic statesman on a sour apple tree. Men guilty of such rascalities as these of course deserved to be turned out and they were promptly turned out.

"In their stead a long line of Democratic martyrs and patriots marched in—men who had fought four years for their Democracy under Lee or Bragg or Joe Johnston, men who had expatriated themselves to the wilds of Canada to avoid the draft, 'skedaddlers,' men who had wandered through the timbers of the Wabash or the Miami bottoms hunting the lodge of Knights of the Golden Circle or Sons of Liberty, men who had rejoiced over every disaster to the Union arms and mourned over every Union victory, men who had denounced that gentle and loving great heart Abraham Lincoln as a tyrant, a baboon and an ape, men who had assailed our great commander Ulysses S Grant as a bloody butcher and a drunken fanatic—these in large measure were the honest patriots who marched in while the drums beat and the fifes whistled the old familiar tune 'Turn the rascals out,' and the Democratic party of Kansas assembled in state convention formally indorsed and approved this programme by adopting a resolution that the soldiers and sailors of the late war, not Union soldiers, not loyal soldiers mind you, but soldiers of the late war—confederates as well as Union—'are entitled to the first consideration in appointments.'"

IT is interesting to observe that Francis Murphy, who has made more converts to temperance and who has reclaimed more drunkards than all of the Prohibitionists in the land put together, is utterly opposed to the third party movement. Mr Murphy's temperance work has been practical. He is a man of intensely practical ideas, and because of this has been eminently successful in his work wherever it has been undertaken. His conduct puts to shame the hypocritical leaders of the third party movement who are willing to sacrifice the cause of temperance to gratify their own personal ambitions or their petty revenges.—*Albany Journal.*

WHEN Senator Wallace returned from Colorado the other day he discovered that his son had made of him in his absence, a full fledged candidate for Congress in the 20th district. He promptly withdrew his name from the conference which was in session at Lock Haven on Monday of this week and the same day J. K. P. Hall of St Marys, Elk county, was nominated. This man is a brother of Senator Hall and in measuring up capabilities for the position, the brother falls leagues behind the Senator.

THE nominee of the Democratic party of Massachusetts for Governor is a son of the late Governor Andrew. The father was a Republican through life of the most radical type. The son was always a Republican until he became a mugwump two years ago and voted for Cleveland. He is very rich and his barrel was what the Democratic party of the Bay State were after—not the dude.

THE POLITICAL POWER OF THE SOUTH

Senator John Sherman delivered one of his greatest speeches in Louisville, Ky., on Saturday of last week, to an immense audience. During the speech he said that there is one consideration of grave import which should not be forgotten in the elections that are to take place this fall and asked his hearers these questions: "Do you desire to see the party contests of the future based upon sectional lines? Do you wish to see perpetuated the unnatural alliance between the foreign and free-trade elements of New York with the Solid South? You know better than I can tell you that in some of the southern States they were made solid by crimes revolting to human nature." He then says:

"Five millions of freemen are disfranchised whenever and wherever they are in the majority. The political power assigned to them under the amendment to the Constitution is wielded against their wishes and against their interests. By this means Grover Cleveland was elected President of the United States. You know as well as I do that if there was open discussion, a fair election and a fair count the Republican party would be in a majority in several of the Southern States. This fact is perfectly well known to the North. We see the difficulties in correcting what is becoming a grave national peril, but that it will be corrected, that some means will be found to prevent the success of so revolting a crime there can be no doubt. What think you is the effect of this upon the Northern mind? Do you think that we are ignorant of what is transpiring in the Southern States? The methods adopted there have already been transported to some of the Northern cities. We had a foretaste of them in the election in Cincinnati a year ago. We know and you know that by base low crimes, by forgery, perjury, ballot box stuffing and repeating, the results of an election by a great majority in that city were attempted to be overthrown."

THE travail of the mountain in bringing forth the mouse was not more ridiculous than the fuss raised by Secretary of the Navy Whitney about the iron war vessel Dolphin built for the Government by John Roach. Mr Whitney did everything in his power to secure the condemnation of the ship, put several commissions aboard of her specially picked or picked for that purpose and sent her to sea to look for a storm with a commander under instructions to put her to such tests as no fair seaman would approve. The ship however stubbornly persisted in being seaworthy and up to all reasonable and even unreasonable requirements in spite of all the Secretary could do to trap her into making an exhibition of weakness at any point. But he finally succeeded in forcing Mr Roach into bankruptcy and then with Pecksniffian generosity accepted the vessel on behalf of the Government with the proviso that Mr Roach's assignees should make good from the odds and ends of his estate the sum necessarily expended in bringing her up to contract specifications. Well, the bills for this work are all in and amount to the enormous sum of four thousand dollars! This vast amount the Roach estate can easily pay. But who will refund to the Government the thousands of dollars expended by the Democratic Secretary of the Navy in his efforts to throw discredit upon Mr Roach and his vessel and bring the whole American ship building industry into disrepute? Whitney is doing his best to Anglicise our navy, preferring British plans to those of American architects even when no claim of superiority can be set up for the former. A more glaring exhibition of partisan unfairness has never been given than this treatment of Mr Roach and the people will not forget or forgive it.—*Pittsburgh Chronicle Telegraph.*

NEAL DOW speaking of the visit of St John to Maine recently said: "I happen to know how much St John gets paid because I contributed to it myself more than I wanted to. He gets $100 a night. He refused to speak in Augusta and Bangor because they couldn't raise the money to pay him."

PROHIBITION IN MAINE.

Rev Dr Theo L Cuyler of Brooklyn discusses in the last *National Temperance Advocate* the inconsistencies shown by Gen Neal Dow and his followers in Maine on the subject of prohibition within the past few years. He says:

During the last month the eyes of the nation have been turned towards the State of Maine—the birth place of prohibition—and to the remarkable events that have occurred there. A calm impartial review of affairs there reveals the following facts: Two years ago the voters of Maine, irrespective of party, enacted a prohibitory amendment to their State Constitution by 47,703 majority. The statutes of the State have been changed for over thirty times (at the suggestion of our temperance friends) in order to make the practical work of suppressing the dram dens more effective. As the result General Neal Dow announced last November:

"The Maine law is as well executed as any other of our statutes, and its effect for good upon our moral and material interests is so great that it cannot be measured by any mode of computation now known to us."

In a letter to England (published on the 29th of June 1886) Gen Dow furthermore declared:

"1. Every distillery and brewery has been suppressed, and we had many of them—seven of the former and two of the latter in this city.

"2. The volume of liquor traffic has been reduced by at least 19-20ths of its former amount, whereby we save in the State annually at least $12,000,000, direct cost, and indirectly nearly quite as much more.

"3. As the result of this great saving Maine, from the poorest State in the Union, has become one of the most prosperous."

In the face of these favorable statements, a convention of Prohibitionists was held in July last, at which some painful facts were brought out as to the non-enforcement of the law in Belfast and Lewiston and Bangor, and many other localities, and Mr Aaron Clark was nominated for Governor as a "Third party" candidate. The blame for the non enforcement of the law was laid upon the bosses of the Republican party, which party comprises a large majority of the voting population of the State. It was not denied that a majority of the Democrats were either openly or secretly hostile to prohibition. The declarations of this Third party convention were certainly very extraordinary, as proceeding from a State which only two years ago had enacted constitutional prohibition by 47,000 popular majority.

In order to vindicate the action of this convention our old friend General Dow affirmed a few weeks ago, that:

"The volume of the liquor traffic has not been at all reduced within the last twenty years. In every city in Maine under Republican rule, except in Portland, the law has been and is absolutely ignored.

"Our quarrel with the Republican party does not at all grow out of what it has done or is supposed to have done for prohibition in the past, but it originates entirely in what it does and refuses to do now. For the last twenty five years no progress whatever has been made in the extinguishing of the liquor traffic in Maine. The volume of it now in the State is as large as it was then. This arises partly from the fact that the Republican party officials ignore the law, and more from the fact that the law in some respects is defective so that without substantial amendments to it the entire suppression of the traffic is impossible. Republican officials continue now as they have done in the past to ignore the law, and the Republican legislatures have uniformly persisted in refusing any effective legislation to accomplish the work which is the sole purpose of the law to do, that is, to suppress the liquor traffic."

Accordingly Gen Dow sounded as the slogan of the late campaign: "We aim to *kill* the Republican party." This was the key note of many of the Third party's speeches made at the Third party's meetings, and as might be expected, an element of extreme bitterness was introduced into the fight, and thousands of Republicans who were sincere prohibitionists were aroused into intense hostility to the movement headed by Gen Dow and Mr St John.

The State election was held on September 13th and the result was precisely what might have been predicted by any sagacious prohibitionist outside of the Pine tree State. Nearly 130,000 votes were thrown and of these Mr Clark, the Third party nominee, received only about 3,800. On the direct *partisan* issue that was raised about *ninety seven* per cent. of the electors voted against any revolutionary change of the *status* of political parties in Maine. Only three per cent. of all the electors voted in favor of Gen Dow's programme to *maintain Prohibition by destroying the Republican party.* Of the whole plan and management of the late campaign we have too warm a regard for our veteran friend Dow and his allies to utter in these columns all that we feel. They chose their own ground, fought the fight on a direct distinct *partisan* issue and have been defeated. No perceptible change has been made in the purely *political* status of the Government of Maine, and over this fact we neither sorrow nor rejoice. The tremendous principle that is at stake in Maine lies a great many miles deeper down than the mere surface of shifting partisan politics.

But because ninety-seven per cent. of the people have voted against the peculiar programme of General Dow and Mr Clark, does it follow that a majority of the citizens of Maine are *opposed* to their righteous law for suppressing the saloons? No. No a thousand times No! *Prohibition has not been defeated in its native State.* A short sighted blunder has miscarried, that's all. And now more than ever the citizens of Maine *as citizens* and irrespective of party ties are most solemnly responsible to ENFORCE to the uttermost their world known and beneficent law.

FROM THE STATE CAPITAL.

From our own correspondent.

HARRISBURG, Oct 5.—A few days ago one of our local Democratic papers announced to the public through its columns that a largely attended and an enthusiastic meeting of Labor Greenbackers had been held in Harrisburg and endorsed the Knights of Labor candidates on the tickets of the other political parties and suggested that by voting for the K. of L. nominees on the other tickets at least one point in favor of Labor Greenbackism would be gained, viz: a candidate or candidates of the Labor organizations would be elected and this would virtually be a victory for the Labor Greenback party. This endorsement of course only meant Stevenson of Philadelphia and Brennan of Pittsburgh, the Democratic nominees respectively for Congressman at large and Auditor General. The announcement of the proceedings of this large and enthusiastic meeting of Greenbackers was of course a surprise to the adherents of the ancient relics of this party (and I really believe we must have at a low estimate ten active members in our city) but upon inquiry as to such a meeting having been held your correspondent discovered that this large and enthusiastic gathering consisted of *two* persons, J. S. Early and Eli Hollinger, and the above number of this ancient party was the total number that had responded to a call for a meeting, which meeting had been suggested by several prominent Democrats of the city and for the object of endorsing the Democratic K. of L. candidates on the Democratic State ticket. The resolutions for this purpose had been quietly prepared by a Democratic lawyer in town and when read to the enthusiastic (?) gathering of Greenbackers the endorsements were at once repudiated and answer was made that the Labor Reformers had nominated a full ticket of their own which ticket would be supported honestly and earnestly. This made the Democratic visitors feel sore and the following day the resolutions were printed in a Democratic organ as a part of the proceedings of the large gathering of Labor Greenbackers of Harrisburg.

This is but one of the many misleading announcements that daily appear in our Democratic papers, but they are only to make party capital. Little business however can be transacted on such capital because what is published one day must be contradicted the next.

Our city committees (of both political parties) at a joint meeting a week ago agreed that none of the committees' monies should be used to purchase tax receipts for persons who failed to pay their taxes to entitle them to vote this fall. It was thought that this method would effectually get rid of a purchaseable element in both parties, that have gotten to be something of a nuisance and was a burden upon the finances of the committees. The Democracy, however, discovered that this was a sort of a one-sided arrangement as the greatest numbers of non paying taxables belonged to their party, and in order to circumvent this agreement the ward committees of the Democratic party raised funds and proceeded to lift delinquent tax receipts. This proceeding was justified in the fact that the money thus used did not belong to the city committee at all but was raised from personal subscriptions by ward committees. So far so good, but the Republicans accepted the decision of the city executive committees in good faith and determined to assist in breaking up the system of buying tax receipts for careless or intentional delinquents. Yet the action of the Democratic ward committee showed that the old methods were to be kept up and the Republican ward committee met the Democrats upon their own plans and the result was that the announcement of the city executive committees was accepted as referring only to their own executive committee funds and did not bind the ward committees of either party. The funny part of this proceeding is in the supposed *smart trick* that was to be played on the Republicans to disfranchise Republican voters. The Republicans were honest in their action in city committee, the Democrats only acceded to the action as "a blind," and when it was discovered that *ward* committees were taking up their delinquent taxes, their tactics were promptly met by the Republicans, and, as a result, the tax collectors were kept busy until midnight Saturday. The usual number of delinquent taxes were paid by ward committees of both parties, and the usual careless voters will therefore appear at the polls. The Democracy do not like that their proceedings were discovered so soon and they justify themselves now by saying, "the action of the two city executive committees was, on the part of the Republicans, insincere from the start and was only an attempt to disfranchise the colored voters under the guise of a mutual understanding as to delinquent taxables in both parties." The truth however, is that if this mutual arrangement had been adhered to fully one half of the Democracy of our city would have been disfranchised.

There is a disposition on the part of our political opponents to shirk or refuse the honors of nomination this fall in many parts of the State, and to meet this apparent unwillingness on the part of local candidates to be put up as a sacrificial offering by the party of spoils advocates, the party press is prolific in suggestions as to expedients to keep certain Congressional Districts in line or to turn Republican districts into Democratic districts. For instance, in the Fayette Greene Westmoreland Congressional district Mr Rafferty, who is a resident of Pittsburgh and has lots of "boodle," gets the nomination although a non-resident of the district. It has of course upset the usual equanimity of this usually hide bound Democratic stronghold, but a stranger, it is hoped, can keep this district in the Democratic column. The natives of course revolt and while contending for the prize a Republican will walk away with the district's votes.

Frank Gowan of Philadelphia, whose record as a railroad wrecker stands pre eminently at the head of the list A No 1, is suggested and urged for the contest in the Schuylkill county Congressional district against Brumm. The Democrats in that district, for National State and local offices are all split into factions each at sword's point with the other. Republicanism and Greenbackism promenade harmoniously together and if Gowan should accept he would be completely wrecked by November 3d.

Then comes another suggestion—just think of it—Governor Pattison is urged to take a Congressional nomination against Tom Bayne in the 23d District.

The mere lines or geographical limits of a district count for nothing in Democratic desires to procure some one to knock out a Republican in his own district. It matters little what part of the State such opponent may be taken from. I can see but one explanation. The fact has dawned upon our Democratic brethren that this is not a Democratic year in Pennsylvania and the unwillingness to be pushed forward as a sacrifice to party principles is commendable in the refusing politician. I would suggest that all Democratic nominees withdraw and that all the Republican nominees be elected by acclamation.

Efforts are being made to have James G Blaine of Maine speak to the Republicans of Harrisburg and from present appearances the Plumed Knight will speak to a Harrisburg audience on the 18th of this month. There is a rousing big reception in store for him should he come here.

Hon John Stewart of Chambersburg passed through our city a few days ago and told your correspondent that he would speak in Philadelphia next week for Gen Beaver and the whole Republican ticket, and that after that date he would make several speeches in different parts of the State. He is for the whole Republican ticket and laughs at the jeers of Democratic papers that see inconsistency in his espousal of Republicanism now when he fought so vigorously to defeat it four years ago. He now says four years of Democratic government in Pennsylvania has given him an elegant sufficiency of Democracy. He voices the sentiment of all Republicans in Pennsylvania.

Governor Pattison on Saturday last launched a *great big* political boom upon the public in the shape of a letter to Attorney General Cassidy requesting an opinion on the legality of the formation of the coal pool in which the railroad and coal companies combine to regulate the output and prices of coal in the markets. This coal pool was formed in December 1884 and certainly the great reform Governor must have known of its existence during all of the time that has elapsed since then, but seemingly the wily executive has not before this seen any necessity to call attention to its existence. There does however seem now to be a political necessity for his recent letter to Attorney General Cassidy. There could not possibly be a better time than the present for this letter because just on the eve of an important State election it is hoped it may do some good to his party, and this is really all there is in it and for this reason it seems a political necessity, and it is sent out to let the great people know that our reform Governor is a reform, but the boom will die a bornin.

It is expected too that the Governor will also launch his Soldier Orphan School boomlet. It is time that something was done in this matter because after election there will be no further use for it—and Governor Pattison will go out of office with the opportunity of his four years administration thrown away.

The honest Christian and capable Superintendent of Public Instruction, Dr Higbee, need fear nothing from an investigation which is founded on a campaign or political necessity. Public opinion has already acquitted Dr Higbee.

ALCROFT.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Teachers' Institute

The McKean County Teachers' Institute of 1886 will be held at the

Opera House!

SMETHPORT PENN'A

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday,

October 18, 19, 20, 21 & 22

Prof. J. A. Cooper & Mrs. Andrews

Have been engaged as Instructors.

Miss Belle McClintock

Has been engaged for the week, and will enliven the occasion with song whenever desired. MISS MCCLINTOCK is the prima donna of Pennsylvania, hence her appearance at our Institute will afford a rare treat.

The Teachers of the county will please be prepared to take charge of and participate in the informal meetings—two of which will be held each day.

PROF. COOPER will deliver one or two evening lectures, and Miss McClintock and Mrs. Andrews will furnish two evening entertainments consisting of songs and elocutionary selections.

Teachers having work done by pupils, suitable to place on exhibition, will please bring it with them to the Institute.

Preparations for Directors' Day on Thursday.

Board at the hotels at the usual reduction.

Come one, come all! No pains have been spared and a pleasant and profitable week may be anticipated.

M. O. Campbell, Supt.

SWAYNES

THROAT & LUNG TROUBLES CONQUERED BY SWAYNE'S WILD CHERRY

SWAYNE'S VERMIFUGE THE CHILDREN'S MEDICINE

TO KEEP HEALTHY 1. EXERCISE DAILY 2. EAT GOOD FOOD 3. BE CHEERFUL 4. USE SWAYNE'S PILLS.

SWAYNE'S PANACEA PURIFIES SYPHILITIC BLOOD.

LONDON HAIR RESTORER (ENGLISH) DR SWAYNE & SON SOLE AGENT.

OINTMENT

THE GREAT CURE FOR ITCHING PILES & SKIN HUMOR

SYMPTOMS: Moisture intense itching and stinging most at night—worse by scratching—very distressing. If allowed to continue tumors form which often bleed and ulcerate becoming very sore. SWAYNE'S OINTMENT stops the itching and bleeding heals ulceration and in many cases removes the tumors. Sent by mail for 50 cts.

DR SWAYNE'S MEDICINES OLDEST IN U. S.

PREPARED ONLY BY DR SWAYNE & SON, PHILADELPHIA. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.

Court Proclamation.

The Hon A. G. OLMSTED President Judge, and the Hons H. HAMLIN and P. M. FULLER, Associate Judges of the court of oyer and terminer and general jail delivery, quarter sessions of the peace, orphans and court of Common Pleas for the county of McKean, have issued their precept, bearing date Friday May 28th 1886, and to me directed for holding a court of common pleas at the borough of Smethport on Monday the 25th day of Oct 1886, and to continue one week.

Dated at Smethport Oct. 4 1886 and in the 110th year of the Independence of the United States of America.

A F BANNON Sheriff

List of Traverse Jurors,

Drawn July 26, 1886 for a Court of Common Pleas to be holden at Smethport the Fourth Monday of October, A D 1886

Aldrich Frank—Lafayette
Burroughs, W R—Foster, Corwin
Burns, T—Otto, Summit
Burlin Oscar—Wetmore
Campbell, B F—Wetmore
Clough L L—Bradford City
Cleland Frank D—Bradford City
Chambers G W—Bradford City
Clark, David—Bradford Township
Clink, P L—Foster, Babcock
Chestnut James—Otto, Tram Hollow
Douglass A C—Eldred Boro
Dany George—Kendall
Davie H W—Lafayette
Evens C R—Annin
Eighney B W—Kendall
Freeman Chas.—Keating
Fraser, James—Otto, Rixford.
Farley John—Ceres
Fox James B.—Bradford City
Foster W G—Bradford Township
Green, J M—Bradford City
Holcomb R. R.—Annin
Hooker, Philip—Foster, State Line
Johnson John R—Hamlin
Kelly, S D—Bradford Township
Moses Richard—Eldred Township
McAllister, R—Bradford City
McLaughlin, Jas.—Bradford City
Otis, Geo H—Foster, Sawyer.
Quinn, John—Lafayette
Rumsey Homer—Bradford City
Rulon H W—Smethport
Siggins, J P—Bradford City
Smith, B P—Bradford City
Sumner, J M—Bradford City
Stearns, L M—Bradford Township
Thompson, B W—Bradford City
Webster P L—Bradford City
Wise Nick—Bradford City

A. F. BANNON, Sheriff

DANAULT MARTIN, M. S. SHIELDS, } Jury Com'rs.

Attest: JNO. R. CHADWICK, Clerk.
Smethport Pa., Oct. 4th 1886

Trial List,

FOR FOURTH MONDAY OF OCTOBER, 1886

1. F H Foster vs R F Brickman. No 29 May Term 1882. Trespass on the case in assumpsit. Plea—Non assumpsit, payment, set off with leave, etc.
2. Warren G Gray vs J H Miller and James Lewis. No 115 May Term 1882. Trespass on the case in assumpsit. Plea—Non assumpsit, set off payment with leave etc.
3. John Arton vs David Bovaird and J L Seyfang doing business as Bovaird & Seyfang. No [illegible] September Term 1882. Case in Trover and Conversion. Plea—Not Guilty.
4. E A Stowell and I H Matthews, partners as Stowell & Matthews, use of D D White and J V McIntyre, partners as White & McIntyre, now for use of W N Jennings vs Tide Water Pipe Company, Limited. No 253, September Term 1883. Assumpsit. Plea—Non assumpsit, payment with leave to give in evidence special matter etc.
5. R[illegible]hart & Hartley a [illegible] Company vs A T Newell. No 41 December Term, 1883. Appeal. Plea—Nil Debit.
6. J C Wilbur vs A T Newell. No 45, December Term, 1883. Appeal. Plea—Nil Debit.
7. C S Whitney and S A Wheeler as Whitney & Wheeler now for use of T P Thompson, assignee vs G Chapman and O B Horkins. No 120 December Term, 1883. Assumpsit. Plea—Non-assumpsit, payment with leave etc, and set off for G Chapman.
8. Lorenzo Drake use of L B Cadwell, Russell Drake and Leroy Drake, partners as Drake Brothers & Company vs James S Book defendant, and J T Jones, N B Smiley, R P Miller and the United Pipe Line garnishees. No 266, December Term, 1883. Foreign Attachment in debt. Plea—Nil Debit—payment set off payment with leave etc.
9. George Habernigg and J G Habernigg, his wife in right of the wife vs The Kittanning Insurance Company. No 38 December Term, 1883. Assumpsit. Plea—Non assumpsit, payment with leave etc and set off.
10. Morris Tasker & Company, limited vs W P Book and Peter Grace. No 454 December Term 1883. Trespass on the case in assumpsit. Plea—Non assumpsit, payment, set off with leave etc.
11. A T Newell, F S Johnson and George A Simmons vs L H Webb. No 20 February Term, 1884. Appeal. Plea—Nil Debit.
12. Nora Kirk, executrix, and A M Kirk, executor of Samuel Kirk, deceased, vs James O White. No 250, February Term 1884. Sci Fa to revive Judgment, etc. Plea—Payment with leave, etc.
13. Lucretia Beckwith and J E Beckwith, her husband, in right of said Lucretia Beckwith vs Theron Howard. No 318, February Term, 1884. Ejectment for land in Bradford Township. Plea—Not Guilty.
14. Morris Tasker & Company, limited, vs W P Book and Peter Grace. No 393, February Term, 1884. Appeal. Plea—Nil Debit.
15. George Dobbs vs Charles Stophel. No 15, May Term, 1884. Appeal. Plea—Not Guilty.
16. L B Dick, S F Dick and P Church, doing business as The Phœnix Iron Works, vs D E Kerr, J M Arters, C K Book and W P Book, doing business as C K Book & Co. No 2, October Term, 1884. Appeal. Plea—Nil Debit.
17. Oil Well Supply Co limited vs C K Book, W P Book, John M Arters and D E Kerr, doing business as C K Book & Co. No 3, October Term 1884. Appeal. Plea—Nil Debit.
18. O S Greeley vs Samuel Bloomster. No 386, October Term, 1884. Appeal. Plea—Nil Debit.
19. Silas M Bailey vs H B Huff, J A Ege, E A Dempsey, P M Fuller, A I Wilcox, E R Sherman and A F Bannon. No 589, October Term, 1884. Debt. Plea—Non assumpsit, payment with leave, set off, with notice of special matter for H B Huff and J A Ege. Plea—Non est factum nil debit, payment with leave etc for E A Dempsey, P M Fuller, A I Wilcox, E R Sherman and A F Bannon.
20. Silas M Bailey vs B F Thornton, A T Newell, Geo K Anderson and Robert Gregg. No 590, October Term, 1884. Debt. Plea—Non est factum, payment, payment with leave to give special matter in evidence etc.
21. E E Duffee vs D A Snyder. No 636, October Term, 1884. Appeal. Plea Nil Debit.
22. F W Meese vs James McKean. No 76, December Term, 1884. Assumpsit. Plea—Non assumpsit, payment with leave and set off.
23. C D Angell vs John McKeon. No 137, December Term, 1884. Assumpsit. Plea—Non-assumpsit, payment with leave, etc.
24. Emerson A Pratt vs Phineas V Maxson. No 423, May Term, 1885. Ejectment for land in Ceres Township. Plea—Not Guilty.
25. Simpson Hall Miller & Co vs A T Newell. No 6, October Term, 1885. Appeal. Plea—Nil Debit.

DR. SELLERS'
IT CURES COUGHS, COLDS & LUNG TROUBLES
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS 25 CTS A BOTTLE
COUGH SYRUP

DR. LINDSEY'S BLOOD SEARCHER Makes a LOVELY COMPLEXION. Is a SPLENDID TONIC and cures CANCER, BOILS, PIMPLES, SCROFULA, MERCURIAL and all BLOOD DISEASES. Sold by your Druggist.

Sellers Medicine Co., Pittsburg, Pa.

Chick-chick-er-re-kee

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR IT.
ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR IT.

Prevents Roup, Prevents Gapes, Prevents Cholera, Prevents Egg-Eating, Prevents Laying Soft Eggs, Makes Hens Lay.

IT IS NO POWDER. IT IS NO MEDICINE.

It Sells for Five Cents Per Pound, in Boxes.

Chick-chick-er-re-kee (poultry food and preventive of disease for poultry) the great egg food, produces eggs prodigiously and is good for the health of the fowls. It is the first article of its kind ever Patented in the United States, Canada and England. Try it. It costs only five cents per pound. It is no powder. Chick[illegible] will eat it. [illegible] If your Grocer, Druggist, Hardware or Country Storekeeper will not get it for you, send me one dollar, and I will ship [illegible] one hundred [illegible] Attend to your poultry [illegible] profit out of them. [illegible] Don't pay twenty-five or fifty cents a pound for medicine to feed your poultry when [illegible] get a better article from your storekeeper [illegible] five cents a pound. Don't be a clam, try it. Manufactured in the United States only by

S. S. MYERS, Patentee,
9 N Front St PHILAD'A, PA

[illegible] what the Secretary of the Interstate Poultry and Pet Stock Association of Cobden [illegible] says:

August 3, 1886

[illegible] MYERS: Dear Sir—I [illegible] some of your Chick-chick-er-re-kee Poultry Food). I am satisfied [illegible]
A. COWDERY

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AMPLE STABLE ROOM FOR 50 HORSES

First class and reliable Double or Single Rigs and Saddle Horses.

Team work of every description done promptly.

We extend to the public every facility for the prompt and economical transaction of all business they may favor us with.

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Smethport, Pa. July 2, 1885

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$67,000,000 in Cash Assets!

$89,000,000 Paid to Policy-Holders

Income from Interest and Rents over $3,000,000 Annually

Expenses in proportion to business less than in any good company.

Death rates less than in any good company.

SURPLUS OVER $13,000,000!

S. E. MULFORD,
Actuary, Pennsylvania Department, 331 and 333 Walnut street, Philadelphia.

Chas. B. Hamlin — Smethport, Pa.

Smethport, May 13, 1886.-tf.

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Kansas Gas Company will apply to the Governor on the 20th day of October, 1886, for a charter, under the act of May 29th, 1885. The objects of said Company are to furnish natural gas for lighting and heating purposes to the citizens of Duke Centre borough in the county of McKean and to other places along their lines in the townships of Otto and Eldred in said county.

W. B. GRAVES,
Att'y for Kansas Gas Co.

Duke Centre, Sept. 28, 1886. 3t

JAMES McNULTY, Merchant Tailor!

EAST MAIN STREET,
Smethport, Pa.

A fine lot of samples kept constantly on hand. Mr. McNulty's reputation as a superior cutter and artist is well established. Good suits for 24 and 25 dollars and job work promptly attended to. Give him a call.

Smethport, April 16 1886. tf

SWITHIN C. SHORTLIDGE'S Academy, For Young Men & Boys, Media, Pa.

12 miles from Philadelphia. Fixed price covers every expense, even books, &c. No extra charges. No incidental expenses. No examination for admission. Twelve experienced teachers, all men, and all graduates. Special opportunities for apt students to advance rapidly. Special drill for dull and backward boys. Patrons or students may select any studies or choose the regular English, Scientific, Business, Classical or Civil Engineering course. Students fitted at Media Academy are now in Harvard, Yale, Princeton and ten other Colleges and Polytechnic Schools. 10 students sent to college in 1883, 15 in 1884, 10 in 1885, 10 in 1886. A graduating class every year in the commercial department. A Physical and Chemical Laboratory, Gymnasium and Ball Ground. 1500 vols. added to Library in 1883. Physical apparatus doubled in 1883. Media has seven churches and a temperance charter which prohibits the sale of all intoxicating drinks. For new illustrated circular address the Principal and Proprietor, SWITHIN C. SHORTLIDGE, A. M., (Harvard Graduate) Media, Penn'a. 30—1y

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CATARRH

Gives Relief at once and cures

COLD IN HEAD, CATARRH, HAYFEVER.

Not a Liquid, Snuff or Powder. Free from Injurious Drugs and Offensive odors.

HAY-FEVER

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists; by mail, registered, 60 cts. Circulars free. ELY BROS., Druggists, Owego, N. Y.

God Save the Commonwealth.

Election Proclamation.

PURSUANT TO AN ACT OF THE GENERAL Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "an act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth," [illegible] day of July, 1839, I, A. F. BANNON, [illegible] the county of McKean, Penns[illegible] by make known and give notice [illegible] of the county aforesaid that [illegible] will be held in the said county [illegible] TUESDAY, the second of NOVEMBER [illegible] for the purpose of electing [illegible] hereinafter named:

One person for Governor [illegible]
One person for Lieutenant [illegible] sylvania.
One person for Auditor G[illegible] vania.
One person for Secretary [illegible] of Pennsylvania.
One person for Congress[illegible] represent Pennsylvania in the [illegible] of Representatives.
One person to represent [illegible] al District in the National H[illegible] tatives.
One person to represent McK[illegible] the State House of Representatives.
One person for County T[illegible]
One person for County C[illegible]
One person for County Surveyor.

I also make known and [illegible] by section 13 of aforesaid [illegible] every person, excepting [illegible] who hold any office or appointment [illegible] trust under the government [illegible] or this state, or of any city [illegible] trict, whether a commissioned [illegible] wise a subordinate officer [illegible] shall be employed under the [illegible] ciary or executive department [illegible] the United States or any city [illegible] district, and also that every [illegible] gress, state legislature [illegible] council of any city or commissioner [illegible] corporated district, is by law [illegible] ing or exercising at the same [illegible] appointment of judge, inspector [illegible] election in this commonwealth [illegible] inspector, judge or any other [illegible] election shall be eligible [illegible] voted for.

Also that in section [illegible] entitled "an act relating [illegible] other purposes" approved [illegible] enacted that the aforesaid [illegible] be construed as to prevent any [illegible] ough officer from serving [illegible] clerk of any general or special [illegible] commonwealth.

By act of assembly [illegible] made the duty of every [illegible] man, justice of the peace [illegible] city, county, township or [illegible] commonwealth, whenever [illegible] officer of an election, or [illegible] tors thereof, to clear any [illegible] the window of the place [illegible] which shall be obstructed [illegible] prevent voters from approaching [illegible] it shall be the duty of every [illegible] ble of such ward, district or [illegible] this commonwealth to be present [illegible] at the place of holding [illegible] district or township for the [illegible] ing the peace as aforesaid.

Also that in the section [illegible] entitled "an act regulating [illegible] at elections in the several counties [illegible] monwealth, approved March [illegible] acted: That the qualified voters [illegible] counties in this commonwealth [illegible] township, borough and special [illegible] hereby hereafter authorized [illegible] vote by tickets printed or written [illegible] printed and partly written [illegible] as follows: "One ticket shall [illegible] names of all judges of courts [illegible] labeled outside, 'judiciary,' [illegible] brace the names of all state [illegible] labeled 'state;' one ticket [illegible] names of all county officers [illegible] office of senator, member of [illegible] sembly and of congress, if [illegible] beled 'county;' one ticket [illegible] names of all township officers [illegible] labeled 'township;' one ticket [illegible] names of all borough officers [illegible] labeled 'borough,' and [illegible] posited in separate ballot [illegible]

I also here make known [illegible] the places of holding the [illegible] tion in the several town[illegible] wards within the county [illegible] lows, to-wit:

The township of Annin at [illegible] House."

Bradford C[illegible]

First Ward—First district [illegible] 16 Congress street.
First Ward—Second [illegible] corner of Congress and C[illegible]
Second Ward—Greene's H[illegible] gress and Corydon streets.
Third Ward—Office of [illegible] side of Mechanic street.
Fourth Ward—William [illegible] on Kennedy street, near [illegible]
Fifth Ward—Robert's [illegible] street, near bridge.

Bradford Tow[illegible]

District No. 1—At the [illegible]
District No 2—At the Cla[illegible]

Kendall Bor[illegible]

First district—At the Fu[illegible] Main and Railroad streets.
Second district—At the [illegible] nedy street.

Duke Centre [illegible]

First district—At the [illegible]
Second district—At the [illegible]
The township of Ceres at [illegible] Barber.
The township of Corydon at [illegible] House.
The township of Eldred at [illegible] street.
The borough of Eldred at [illegible] street.

Foster T[illegible]

First district—At the [illegible] Bros. at Foster Brook.
Second district—At [illegible] Centre.
The township of Hamlin [illegible] near J. E. B. White's.
The township of Hamilton [illegible] in Ludlow.

Keating To[illegible]

First district—In southwest [illegible] court house in Smethport.
Second district—At the [illegible]
The township of Liberty [illegible] Port Allegany west side.
The borough of Port A[illegible] hall (east side).
The township of Lafayette [illegible] at Lafayette Corners.
The township of Norwich [illegible] Burdick.

Otto Towns[illegible]

First district—At Topak[illegible]
Second district—At [illegible] known as the "white school [illegible] Room No 3, situated on [illegible]
The township of Sergeant [illegible] Buffalo Coal Co. C[illegible]
The borough of Smethport [illegible] of basement of court house.
The township of Wetmore [illegible] school house in the village [illegible]
Polls to be opened at [illegible] closed at 7 o'clock p m.

AN ACT

To repeal the first section [illegible] "An act for regulating [illegible] fences," passed Anno [illegible] seven hundred [illegible]

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted [illegible] House of Representatives [illegible] of Pennsylvania in General [illegible] it is hereby enacted by [illegible]* That so much of an act [illegible] regulating and maintaining [illegible] Anno Domini one thousand [illegible] reads as follows, namely [illegible] putes and differences [illegible] the neglect or insufficiency [illegible] province and counties an[illegible] that all cornfields and gr[illegible] ures, within the said prov[illegible] nexed, shall be well fenced [illegible] five feet high, of sufficient [illegible] at the bottom, and who[illegible] grounds enclosed with su[illegible] and, shall hurt, kill or do [illegible] kine, sheep, hogs or goats [illegible] by hunting or driving them [illegible] said grounds, shall be li[illegible] damages sustained thereb[illegible] cattle: *Provided* That al[illegible] at large, contrary to the [illegible] and passed this present se[illegible] for the restraining of swine [illegible] large,' shall not fail, nor be [illegible] construction of this act; but [illegible] sheep, hogs or goats, or any [illegible] break into any man's encl[illegible] of the aforesaid height or [illegible] view of two persons, for th[illegible] by the county court, found [illegible] such, then the owner of [illegible] liable to make good all d[illegible] the enclosure, for the first [illegible] ages only, and ever after [illegible] sustained, and all persons [illegible] horses, mares or cattle, that [illegible] off, by such fences as aforesaid [illegible] shall be obliged to take c[illegible] the same from trespassing [illegible] enclosures,' being the first [illegible] act, be and the same is here[illegible]

SECTION 2. That it shall [illegible] sheriff of any county, [illegible] county commissioners there[illegible] to be published therein in [illegible] manner that notices of the [illegible] shall be published, and for the [illegible] taining whether or not the [illegible] act are deemed expedient [illegible] county, the qualified electors [illegible] at such next general election [illegible] ten or printed, as follows: [illegible] side the words, "Repeal of [illegible] on the inside the words [illegible] or "Against Repeal" and [illegible] ing and making returns of [illegible] the judge, inspectors and clerks [illegible] erned by the laws of this C[illegible] lating general elections, an[illegible] count of such ballots it [illegible] pear that a majority there[illegible] Repeal," this act shall [illegible] therein, but the same shall [illegible] any county of this Commonwealth [illegible] been ascertained that the pr[illegible] deemed expedient and d[illegible] election as hereinbefore [illegible] That if at an election held in [illegible] the provisions of this act, [illegible] majority of the votes cast the[illegible] Repeal," no vote shall as [illegible] provided, for the period of [illegible] after.

APPROVED—The 23d day [illegible] [illegible] PATTISON.

Given under my hand this [illegible] A. D., 1886.

A. F. BANNON, Sheriff.

McKean County Miner

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

[illegible] our paper shows the time to [illegible] your paper is changed, [illegible] as well as the new one [illegible] liable [illegible] they you take it from [illegible] regularly [illegible] every week, [illegible] when not re-

Smethport, Pa., October 8, 1886.

LOCAL AND HUMOROUS.

[illegible] your taxes Saturday.

[illegible] doing a big busi[illegible]

[illegible] county fair is [illegible]

[illegible] usual quota of [illegible] this week.

[illegible] woman has gone insane [illegible] wealth.

[illegible] are now registered at [illegible] commercial college.

[illegible] at the Court House [illegible] evening Oct 14.

[illegible] of this borough [illegible] nights last.

[illegible] Bradford was fore[illegible] jury this week.

[illegible] has been putting in his [illegible] during the past week.

[illegible] small boy can now be [illegible] the toothsome [illegible]

[illegible] interesting news to lovers [illegible] that black bass [illegible]

[illegible] has moved his family [illegible] his jewelry store in the [illegible]

[illegible] a former well-known oil [illegible] is now in California [illegible] work.

[illegible] household was made [illegible] by the appear[illegible] baby.

[illegible] got the best [illegible] poker players this [illegible]

[illegible] largely attended this [illegible] proceedings have been [illegible] rare and racy.

[illegible] of Bradford [illegible] music for [illegible] at the Opera House this [illegible]

[illegible] jury this week made [illegible] the Mt Jewett mur[illegible]

[illegible] the month of September [illegible] wells were completed in the [illegible] with a new production of [illegible]

[illegible] the turkeys to get their [illegible] the [illegible] proclama[illegible]

[illegible] of Edward [illegible] jewelry brought [illegible]

[illegible] A M Benton of [illegible] has been ordered to [illegible] twelve [illegible] month.

[illegible] snowfall of the season [illegible] Friday last [illegible] it to be sure [illegible] snow nevertheless.

A special train was run from Brad[illegible] [illegible] accommodation [illegible] lawyers and litigants from that [illegible] had urgent business at court.

[illegible] our enterprising cloth[illegible] [illegible] smiling [illegible] at his residence Friday [illegible]

[illegible] to Republican rally [illegible] Court House Thursday evening Oct [illegible] Montooth of Pittsburgh and [illegible] of Venango will be present [illegible] the meeting.

[illegible] we should say that broth[illegible] [illegible] patent [illegible] business [illegible]

[illegible] into that field [illegible] a hole in the [illegible] liberated [illegible] secreted itself [illegible] McKean [illegible] so much.

The Bradford [illegible] has at last disbanded after a most [illegible] season. They played thirty [illegible] and won thirty out of [illegible]

[illegible] brought to this office [illegible] of the finest [illegible] we have ever seen which was [illegible] in this section of country. It is [illegible] evidence of the capabilities [illegible]

Mrs Gertrude Andrews and her [illegible] Buffalo [illegible] At the Opera [illegible] Monday and Tuesday evenings [illegible]

[illegible] have been engaged this [illegible] east side of [illegible] started out with [illegible] in town and he is getting [illegible] shape.

[illegible] of Myrtle has [illegible] three year old [illegible] is coal black with heavy [illegible] thoroughly broken to [illegible] as a siren. He will make [illegible] family horse.

[illegible] property owners east Potter county [illegible] happy. Last week the [illegible] of that county redeemed the [illegible] years ago [illegible] And this wipes out all [illegible] indebtedness of the county.

[illegible] Moses the photographer [illegible] the boys have [illegible] picture of them that [illegible] ashamed to present to their [illegible]

[illegible] Hugh Brawley says [illegible] worshipping [illegible] contribution box [illegible]

Another one of those mammoth gas [illegible] put up in front of the [illegible] Now if the property [illegible] of Main and [illegible] streets [illegible] community will rise up and call [illegible] blessed.

Henry Hallman had on exhibition [illegible] this week an elephantine [illegible] which he raised on Wm [illegible] farm in Keating township. It was [illegible] long and of fair proportions [illegible] cucumber that will be hard to [illegible] by our granger friends.

Maj E A Montooth of Pittsburg and [illegible] J W Lee of Venango will ad[illegible] the Republicans of Smethport and [illegible] on the issues of the day at the [illegible] House Thursday evening Oct 14 [illegible] to turn out and give these [illegible] a warm reception.

[illegible] Campbell informs [illegible] musical and literary entertain[illegible] given by Miss Belle McClin[illegible] Mrs Andrews will occur on [illegible] and Tuesday evenings, Oct 18th [illegible] at which time our people may [illegible] rare treat in that line.

[illegible] Thompson of the Coudersport [illegible] is cruel enough in his com[illegible] the recent jewelry robbery in [illegible] enough to suggest that if justice [illegible] out the guardians of these [illegible] would be the ones to suffer [illegible] instead of the children.

[illegible] jail has been pretty well filled [illegible] Bradford citizens along back, [illegible] of the number were ticketed [illegible] river this week. Judge [illegible] hand of justice will soon bring [illegible] that city down so that [illegible] pass for one of brother Hughes' [illegible]

[illegible] boy baby only a few [illegible] left at the Orphans' Home [illegible] the party leaving it [illegible] the names of his [illegible] he was christened William Pitt [illegible] He was never [illegible] child and on Friday last he [illegible] from the effects of a [illegible] which had been transmitted [illegible]

—The sprightly DuBois *Express* enters upon its fourth year this week, just as bright and sparkling as ever, and it bids fair to celebrate many more anniversaries. The *Express* is a good paper and is well deserving of the very liberal patronage the people of DuBois are favoring it with.

—Jasper Smith, of Farmers Valley, brought to this office last week some of the finest grapes we have seen this season, and the beauty of it all was, they tasted just as good as they looked. These grapes were grown on Mr. Smith's farm, and shows conclusively that McKean county is well adapted to producing the finest kind of grapes.

—The *Era's* September oil report shows that there was completed in the Bradford and Allegany fields during that month 45 wells with an estimated daily production of 262 barrels. The same report shows that in the various oil fields there has been a decrease in the total production of 2,707 barrels since the August report was published.

—Albert Colson, who lives at Mt Jewett, procured from the court on Monday last his final naturalization papers. Immediately after he went to Farmers Valley on business, and on his return to this place he discovered that he had lost the aforesaid papers. Any person finding them will confer a favor upon Mr Colson by leaving them at this office.

The Smethport MINER publishes complete every issue the full Prohibition State and county ticket. Why does it not also publish the Democratic ticket?—*Star*. If the Democrats or any other party wanted us to publish their ticket for pay we should do so. The space the Prohibition ticket occupies in our columns is paid for the same as other advertisements.

The Prohibitionists opened the campaign in this place Wednesday evening last at the Court House. Hon W H H Bateman, editor of the Buffalo *Dale Amendment*, was the leading speaker. Mr Bateman is a very forcible speaker and was listened to with close attention by a large audience. Elisha K Kane, candidate for member of Assembly, also made a few remarks.

The County Teachers Institute which convenes at the Opera House in this place on the 18th inst promises to [illegible] very successful [illegible] interest. Mr Campbell is leaving nothing undone to make a success of it. With such drawing cards as Mrs Andrews and Miss McClintock there is no question that a great amount of interest will be taken in this meeting of the [illegible] here.

Erastus Curtis brought to this office Wednesday last a couple of potatoes of the Burbank Seedling variety which were raised on his farm in Keating township that are quite a curiosity. The largest one which weighs 3½ pounds is a sort of family of potatoes in [illegible] there are no less than seven fair sized others grown fast together forming a rather singular looking potato. The other one weighed two pounds and six ounces. Pretty large potatoes these and no mistake.

In its issue of Monday last the Philadelphia *Times* made public announcement that the price of that journal hereafter would be but one cent per copy or three dollars per annum. The *Times* is a progressive paper and its typographical appearance has long been considered a model of neatness and at the low price of one cent its field of usefulness will without doubt be largely increased. We are now living in an age of cheap things and the *Times* is evidently determined not to be found lagging in the rear of the procession.

A J Palmer was unlucky enough on Wednesday morning last to lose one of his best livery horses. One of his men had taken a load of Bradford people home on the previous evening and on reaching the city the horse was taken sick. A veterinary surgeon was called who administered the proper remedies and the animal was so much better the next morning that he was presumed able to make the trip home. When coming through the [illegible] just outside of this borough the horse grew rapidly worse and dropped dead in its tracks.

Gertrude Andrews, the [illegible] Kentucky belle [illegible] that she was compelled [illegible] her audience with [illegible] selection and gave them "Uncle Ned's [illegible]" which was received in a manner that must certainly have delighted the lady who rendered them. Mrs Andrews has talent that but few can hope to possess, and she never fails to please those who are so fortunate as to hear her.—Maysville *Tribune*. At the Opera House Monday and Tuesday evenings, Oct 18th and 19th.

W F Smith of Port Allegany came near being very seriously if not fatally injured in this place Tuesday morning last. It appears that he had a lady in the carriage with him who wished to get out near [illegible] store and Mr Smith rose from his seat for the purpose of assisting her to alight but before he could entirely get onto his feet he lost his balance and pitched out of the wagon to the ground. Having the lines in his hands he drew the horses around suddenly over him. [illegible] stepped on him several times before Mr John Baker, who happened to be near by, could get them by the bits. On getting up from the ground Mr Smith found that [illegible] few slight bruises and [illegible] pretty badly [illegible] was not much the worse from being in such a perilous position. It was a very narrow escape for him, however.

Landlord Taylor has had on exhibition at the Grand Central Hotel for the past two weeks a peculiar looking snake that came coursing through the water pipe at that popular hostelry where some one had a faucet open. The reptile is about [illegible] inches long [illegible] its thickness is about that of a good steel knitting needle and it tapers from there to both ends. It is of a sort of yellowish color and altogether is a most repulsive looking serpent. Frank has it confined in a glass jar full of water where it goes through all sorts of contortions [illegible] drink it in the dark, as there may be some more of the same sort of reptiles left.

— Rodney McElwee while on a pleasure trip to New York State last week [illegible] as he had a very urgent business engagement to meet in Smethport he jumped one of the fast freight trains on the B N Y & P rail road for the purpose of getting here on time. In his haste in getting aboard [illegible] he [illegible] to secure a ticket, and as his [illegible] were at a shock [illegible] a gentleman of leisure he had not the face to meet the able-bodied brakeman (who was by this time prowling around in close proximity to his palatial quarters) in this deplorable state, he took it into his head, when near Ackley, to disembark at that station and wait for a accommodation train, but in his haste to get off he mistook the bridge which the train was then crossing for the depot platform, and when he "lit" the train was some 35 feet over his head, and he is in a particle injured by his terrible leap. "Rodney" got here on time, and is just as lively and hearty as ever.

—One of the greatest pests the newspaper fraternity has to contend with is a set of scamps who will, for the regulation price of five cents per inch, sit down and with premeditation write out a special sensational despatch that is founded on a tissue of lies, and send it to the different daily papers of the country for publication. Last week some smart aleck who claims Bradford as his place of residence sent one of the above described telegrams giving a very vivid description of a horrible murder just unearthed near Wilcox, Elk county. The story looked reasonable enough on its face but it turns out to have no other foundation than that a man disappeared from that section of country last summer, and has not been heard of since. And in lieu of anything else to write about this correspondent with a wonderful fertile (?) brain took this not at all unusual occurrence as the basis of a sensational newspaper "special despatch." Just such work as that, if persisted in, will surely bring any paper into disrepute that indulges in it, and the Buffalo *Express* and other influential daily papers who tabled the above "special" should lose no time in relegating this particular Bradford newsgatherer to the back seat, where he rightfully belongs, until he can write the truth unadulterated with sensationalism.

—Deputy Sheriff McCleery, of Cattaraugus county, N. Y., brought Boyd Stephenson to jail Wednesday last, to await a requisition from Gov. Hill.

—Next week we shall commence the publication of an illustrated serial story of thrilling interest. If any reader of the MINER does not wish to read the story in parts, from week to week, the paper should be carefully preserved, as there will be a great demand for it about the time the story is completed.

—Once upon a time an eccentric sort of man had a horse shot by an evil disposed person. Afterwards the man who done the shooting got religion, and his conscience troubled him about the wrong he had done his neighbor, and knowing that he would never make a sincere pure Christian until he confessed his past sins, he went to his neighbor and told him that he killed his horse and that he wanted to be forgiven. The man looked at the penitent sinner for a moment and then replied: "You say you killed my horse. Now I want to ask you can you prove that you did the deed?" "No," the man said. "Well then I don't believe you," retorted the man who lost the horse, and turned on his heel and walked away. This little incident is called to mind by a case that was tried in our court this week. A few weeks ago a satchel of jewelry was stolen from a wagon in this borough. Two boys were arrested for the theft, one of whom confessed that he stole the property and took an officer to the field where he secreted the goods, and they were nearly all found. This was considered strong enough evidence in the eyes of a justice to bind the boys over to court. But a McKean county jury, notwithstanding the fact that one of the boys had acknowledged that he had committed the theft and disclosed the place where he had hid the property, has said to that boy unless you can prove by other evidence than your own acknowledgment that you did the deed we shall always believe that you lied like blazes. Moral: Never do a wrong unless you have reputable witnesses present to prove it, or some jury may bring you in guilty of lying.

PERSONAL MENTION

We would deem it a favor if those having friends visiting in this place would [illegible]

Mark Hart[illegible] of Olean is attending court this week.

[illegible] A I Wilson of Kane was in town [illegible] Tuesday last.

[illegible] of Port Allegany was in town this week.

H [illegible] Wilson of Port Allegany is serving as a juror this week.

Harry Backus, son of Frank Backus, is quite ill with malarial fever.

Jim Howell of the Bradford *Sunday News* was in town this week.

W W Brewer of Mt Jewett was in attendance at court this week.

W W Brown of Bradford was in town the fore part of the week.

[illegible] and Jim Brown were on a business trip to Olean Thursday.

Dr and Mrs Morgan of Eldred were guests of Dr [illegible] Sunday.

Edward McSweeney Esq of Bradford was in attendance at court this week.

Mr and Mrs [illegible] Allegany [illegible] Tuesday last.

Miss Gertie Davis of Warren is visiting her friends the Misses [illegible]

Dan Dower is lying seriously ill with typhoid fever at the Chautauqua House.

M J [illegible] Esq of Coudersport graced the MINER [illegible] Thursday.

Miss Gertie Field of Olean N Y is the guest of her friend Miss Cora [illegible]

E W Brownell of the firm of Brownell Bros [illegible] business trip to Buffalo this week.

M S Howe of [illegible] the Prohibition [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] Moses and Charles [illegible] the MINER [illegible] Tuesday last.

Messrs J A Morris and [illegible] Rogers are in Emporium attending the Republican Congressional conference.

M S Thompson Esq, an old time newspaper man of Coudersport, made us a pleasant call on Monday last.

Mrs George Smith and daughter May of Driftwood Pa are visiting relatives and friends in this section.

Mrs A J Moulton of Arcade N Y is visiting at the residence of her cousin A D Burbank Esq in this place.

Capt [illegible] of Bradford made us happy on Monday evening by giving us the pleasure of his society for an hour or more.

Mrs M A [illegible] accompanied by her daughter [illegible] left Monday last on a visit to Michigan and Wisconsin relatives.

Miss Emma Adams who has been visiting her sister at Camden N J the past few weeks returned to this place Tuesday last.

E K Wilson Esq, the Democratic candidate for member of the Legislature, was looking after his political fences in this town this week.

Mrs Farnsworth and Mrs Patterson, daughter and son of Corwin Centre, were the guests of Mr and Mrs Charles Leonard Sunday last.

Henry Brennan who is attending the [illegible] Institute at Randolph N Y spent Sunday with his parents Mr and Mrs J W Brennan.

Lorenzo Drake Esq of Custer City is assuming aldermanic proportions in his old age, at the same time he is growing better looking from year to year.

Miss Clara Hoffman who has been visiting relatives and friends at Cuba N Y and vicinity the past few weeks returned to this place Saturday last.

Sam F Cooper made his many Smethport friends happy Friday last by putting in an appearance. He has been [illegible] for the past two months [illegible] Indiana county.

Mrs [illegible] and her two children [illegible] and Charley and niece Bertha Lane of Driftwood Pa are guests at the residence of S R Tuttle in this place.

The many friends of the Rev. Wm Bradley in this section will be glad to hear that he has returned to the pastorate of the Methodist church in this place.

Joe Dickey is not disposed to be hilarious over playing witness in petty cases before the grand jury. He would much prefer to be attending to his own business.

Jno N Apple Esq returned Monday evening last from a two weeks visit to Easton, Reading and Lancaster friends. Mr Apple is loud in his praises of that section of the State.

H C Wells accompanied his mother as far as Buffalo on her way home to Canada last week. During his stay in Buffalo Harry was present at the opening of a new Odd Fellows Lodge in that city.

John Frary has just returned home from a several months sojourn in Washington Territory. From the rotundity of Mr Frary's figure we are led to believe that the western climate agreed with him.

What May be Shot and Caught.

Turkeys, October 15 to January 1.
Ducks, September 1 to May 16.
Plover, July 15 to January 1.
Woodcock, July 4 to January 1.
Partridges or quail, October 15 to January 1.
Ruffed grouse, pheasant, October 1 to January 1.
Rail and reed birds, September 1 to December 1.
Elk and deer, October 1 to December 15.
Squirrels, September 1 to January 1.
Hares and rabbits, November 1 to January 1.
Salmon or speckled trout, April 15 to July 15.
Lake trout, October 1 to January 1.
Black bass, pike and pickerel, June 1 to January 1.
Penalties for infringements, $5 to $50.

GOUT, a painful disease affecting principally the fibrous tissue about the smaller joints, has various names, according to the parts affected, as podagra, when in the feet, chiragra, when in the hands, &c.; but whether the attack is first felt in the feet, the hands, or some other part, rub with Salvation Oil at once. It annihilates pain. Price 25 cents a bottle.

DON'T you know that A H Pearce is handling fine count oysters? Try them. He handles none but the best.

GRAND
Republican Rally!
—AT THE—
Court House, Smethport, Pa.
—ON—
Thursday Evening!
Oct. 14, 1886.

Maj. E. A. Montooth!

Of Pittsburgh and

Senator J. W. Lee!

of Venango will address the meeting. Let there be a grand outpouring of our people on that date to hear the issues of the day eloquently and honestly discussed by these two able advocates of honest government.

BY ORDER OF COM.

Enjoyed His Trip

A gentleman who recently visited this section wrote a readable account of his trip for the Ithaca *Republican*, from which we extract the following:

"Arriving there (at Smethport) I was astonished to learn that my anticipated pleasure in angling the mountain streams for the wily trout had been thwarted, as the Legislature of the State had heard of my intended raid upon the spotted beauties and passed a law making it a penalty of ten dollars for every trout caught after the first of August. As I intended to catch at least a thousand I was not financially prepared to contribute ten thousand dollars to the treasury of McKean county and I reluctantly wound up my lines, threw away my bait and shouldered my breech loader and cartridges determined to slaughter the bear and deer that roam the mountain tops. After two days climbing the wild game [illegible] the Legislature, anticipating my coming, had fled to the jungles for safety and the nearest I came to [illegible] a bear was [illegible] stumps six feet in diameter [illegible] bear [illegible] These shots aimed with unerring skill failed to bring down the game. [illegible] climbing and prospecting, the only marked [illegible] was sitting on a log [illegible] meditating the contents of my lunch basket and picking a half bushel [illegible] berries [illegible]

The next few days I spent with my friends in [illegible] portions of interest [illegible] and in the [illegible] The first of [illegible] which we visited was the [illegible] bridge [illegible] near Mt Alton [illegible] McKean county, by the New York, Lake Erie and Western Railroad [illegible] The bridge is supported upon derricks built up story upon story, braced and crossed by iron girders and spans a chasm two thousand feet wide and hangs three hundred feet [illegible] the valley. We stood on the bridge when a train of cars [illegible] and passed over it and experienced no more vibration or jar than such a train would have [illegible] ground. The view of this bridge and the engineering skill displayed in its construction was well worth my visit. [illegible] grand [illegible] towering mountains [illegible] from the clouds and standing like sentinels [illegible] valleys [illegible] a mile to three miles wide, through which streams of water [illegible] were flowing, was to me a new and pleasurable experience.

My next visit was to Prospect Hall, one of the highest elevations in the State, being two thousand five hundred feet above tidewater. The day was extremely hot, but here the air was so cool, pure and refreshing [illegible] spending a [illegible] week. This summit is easily approached by a winding carriage road, and when once reached it spreads out in a level surface [illegible] smooth as a [illegible] lawn. I do not doubt but in the near future some enterprising capitalist will [illegible] the point and secure this land at a nominal price, clear the forest, convert it into a grand park and erect a hotel which [illegible] be [illegible] during the summer with city guests. The view from this mountain [illegible] beggars [illegible] description.

After returning from this delightful excursion in the mountains I devoted the rest of my time in looking over the borough of Smethport, its industries and enterprises. I cannot in this brief sketch, nor would your space permit, details of its [illegible] McKean county contains one thousand square miles of territory, with a population of forty-five thousand inhabitants. Its wealth is in its [illegible] annual revenue of three millions of dollars [illegible] lumber alone. I was ready to acknowledge that the mountainous regions of Pennsylvania were not the barren wastes I had supposed them to be. Smethport has the finest Court House I ever saw, built at a cost of over one hundred thousand dollars. The county Poor House and asylum for the aged and infirm are located on a farm adjoining the borough of some three hundred acres. The buildings were recently erected and are first class in all of their appointments. The poor of McKean county are as generously cared for as any other citizens. One of the most beautiful soldiers monuments I have ever seen is erected on the Court House grounds and dedicated to the memory of the brave men who have given their lives that their country might live. The town is bountifully supplied with water from a reservoir erected in the mountains about two miles away, and from the hydrants a stream can be thrown into the face of the [illegible] over the town from the top of the Court House dome. Churches, school and other public buildings are in keeping with its active business. One of the handsomest brick buildings in the State is being erected by Judge Hamlin, a prominent citizen of the town, and elegant hotels and stores are interspersed along its thoroughfares. The streets are lighted with natural gas which flows with great power from wells within the borough limits, and the hotels and private residences are lighted and heated with the same wonderful fuel. In that section of country coal and wood as fuel are things of the past, although an abundance of each can be procured at little expense at their very doors.

On the whole my trip to the wilds of McKean county was one of unusual interest."

D.

Ithaca, Sept 15, 1886.

Estrayed

There estrayed from the premises of B Amond, Clermont Pa, one yellow heifer three years old, one spotted heifer two years old, one red yearling and one spotted yearling. Any information of the whereabouts of the above cattle will be thankfully received. B AMOND.

Clermont, Oct 6.

Ladies Wanted

A lady agent is wanted in every city and village, also ladies to travel and solicit orders for Madame Wood's Corsets and Corded Corset Waists, Lamplo Forms, Hose Supporters, Steel Protectors, Ladies Friend, etc. Agents are making from 20 to $50 a week. Send for circulars and price-list to B Wood, 64 South Salina Street, Syracuse, N. Y. 38-1m

ENGLISH Spavin Liniment removes all Hard, Soft, or Calloused Lumps and Blemishes from horses, Blood Spavin, Curbs, Splints, Sweeney, Ringbone, Stifles, Sprains, Swellings, etc. Save $50 by use of one bottle. Warranted. Sold by A. B. Armstrong, druggist, Smethport, Pa. vol23no30-y1

For Sale

A pair of draught horses, 7 years old, weight 2,500 pounds, by J. W. BELKNAP.

Smethport, Sept. 1st, 1886.

LITERARY NOTES.

SOME ANECDOTES OF STONEWALL JACKSON.

In the October *Century* is a collection of "Personal Reminiscences of Stonewall Jackson," from which we quote as follows, "Talking with him once about some subject of casuistry or prevarication, I put the question direct to him, 'Did you never tell a lie?' Pausing, as was his invariable manner before giving a categorical answer, as if for an introspective review of his consciousness, he said:

"'Yes, but only once, so far as I can remember. I was leading my men thro' a rank chaparral, infested by Mexican guerrillas. The balls were flying incessantly and the broad leaves of the tropical plants were being riddled through and through. They became panic-stricken and, notwithstanding my repeated order for advance, they hung back. Stepping some distance in front of them, into a narrow pass, where the bullets were whizzing round my head, and the foliage was being cut to ribbons, I called out:

"'"Follow me, men! Don't you see, *there is no danger*?"'

"He never posted a letter without calculating whether it would have to travel on Sunday to reach its place of destination, and if so, he would not mail it till Monday morning. Still further did he carry his Puritanical observance. Innumbered times have I known him to receive important letters so late on Saturday night that he would not break his fixed resolution never to use his eyes, which were very delicate, by artificial light; he would carry the letters in his pocket till Monday morning, then rise with the sun to read them.

"In the winter of '61–62, while Jackson's forces were at Winchester, he sent a brigade to destroy the canal leading to Washington. The expedition proved a failure, and he attributed it, in some measure, to the fact that Sunday had been needlessly trespassed upon. So when a second expedition was planned he determined there should be no Sabbath breaking connected with it, that he could prevent. The advance was to be made early on Monday morning. On Saturday he ordered my husband (Colonel Preston, at that time on his staff) to see that the necessary powder was in readiness. The quartermaster could not find a sufficient quantity in Winchester on Saturday, but during Sunday it was procured. On Sunday evening the fact in some way got to Jackson's ears. At every early hour on Monday he dispatched an officer to Shepherdstown for other powder, which was brought. Then summoning Colonel Preston, he said very decisively:

"'Colonel, I desire that you will see that the powder which is used for this expedition is *not the powder that was procured on Sunday*.'"

N. W. AYER & SON'S AMERICAN NEWSPAPER ANNUAL FOR 1886

Contains a carefully prepared list of all Newspapers and Periodicals in the United States and Canada, arranged by States in Geographical Sections, and by towns in alphabetical order, giving the name of the papers, the issue, general characteristics, year of establishment, size, circulation and advertising rates for ten lines one month.

A list of all Newspapers inserting Advertisements, arranged in States by counties, with the distinctive features and circulation of each paper.

Also complete lists of all the Religious or Agricultural Periodicals, of Medical, Commercial, Scientific, Educational, or other of the class publications, as well as all Publications printed in foreign languages.

It contains, besides, a vast amount of general and statistical information of practical value to almost every business man, and is, in its line, as deserving a place on desk or in library as Webster's Dictionary or a first-class encyclopedia.

One of its chief features is a carefully prepared description of every County in the United States, setting forth its location, area, adjoining navigable streams, the character of its surface, the nature of its soil, its leading crops and manufactures, its County-seat and population. A similar but more elaborate descriptive heading is appended to each State, Territory and Canadian Province.

These headings are subject to constant and careful revision. The growth and development of the various sections is noted and embodied in them from year to year, thus forming a valuable compendium of the physical features and the agricultural and manufacturing resources of the country.

Another valuable feature has recently been added to these headings. They now show, from the United States census of 1880, the number of manufacturing establishments of all kinds at that time, the amount of capital invested in them, the number of hands employed, and the value of the annual products. The State headings show, in addition to the summary of the foregoing, the amount paid in wages and the value of the raw material used.

It gives the Population of every State, Territory, County and County seat, of all the large Cities and Towns, and of almost every place in which a Newspaper is published, taken either from the United States census of 1880, or from the State census of 1885 in every instance where such census was taken, or from recent careful estimates.

It also gives the Political Majority of every State, Territory and County, and the number of Votes polled by the Greenback and Prohibition parties at the Presidential election of 1884.

Among its exhaustive and interesting tables are those showing the cities, towns and villages of the United States having a population of five thousand and upward, arranged in alphabetical order; how many Counties there are in each State; in how many of these Newspapers are published; in how many Towns of each State papers exist, and how many of these towns are County seats; and how many Newspapers there are altogether in the country at large, or in any of its great sections, or in any State, Territory or Canadian Province, or how many there are of each issue, and a comparative statement of the increase in 1886 over 1885.

Absolute perfection in a work of this character is an impossibility, but we have the consciousness that all that painstaking effort could do to prevent error has been done in the present edition. Price $3.00, carriage paid.

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Twelfth Annual Convention

The Twelfth Annual Convention of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union of Pennsylvania will be held in Franklin street M. E. Church, Wilkes-Barre, October 13th, 14th and 15th, 1886.

Meeting of Executive Committee on Tuesday evening, Oct. 12. Prayer meeting of delegates at same hour.

Delegates and visitors will send to Mrs. Ellen M. Watson, 508 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, by October 1st for orders for railroad tickets at reduced rates, specifying the roads on which they must travel. Delegates will be entertained and it is expected that boarding at reasonable rates can be secured by visitors.

MRS. FRANCES L. SWIFT, Pres.
MRS. JOS. D. WEEKS, Rec. Sec.
MRS. ELLEN M. WATSON, Cor. Sec.
PITTSBURGH, 1886.

Miss Belle McClintock

The Rev. Dr. Vincent has this to say of the above popular singer, who will be present at the coming Teachers' Institute to assist with her sweet voice:

CHAUTAUQUA, N. Y.,
July 13, 1886.

Miss Belle McClintock has been singing at Chautauqua for several years. She has been our leading soloist for seven or eight seasons and is always popular with the great audiences assembled in our Amphitheatre. Her voice is one of rare clearness, sweetness and power. She is indeed the favorite singer of the Chautauqua Assembly.

JOHN H. VINCENT, D. D.

IF you have cutting, scalding, or stinging sensations in the parts when voiding urine—Swamp-Root will quickly relieve and cure.

THERE must be an open road between the food we eat and the substance of which our bodies are composed. If the road is clogged or closed we sicken, faint and die. This road is made up of the organs of digestion, and assimilation. Of these the stomach and liver are the chief. Most people have had more or less experience of the horrors of constipation. Prevent it and all its fearful sequences by using Dr. Kennedy's "Favorite Remedy." It is the first step that costs.

PROHIBITION STATE NOMINATIONS.

For Governor,
HON. CHAS. S. WOLFE,
Of Union County.
For Lieutenant-Governor,
HON. A. A. BARKER,
Of Cambria County.
Auditor General,
CHAS. T. HAWLEY,
Of Lackawanna County.
Secretary of Internal Affairs,
HON. JOHN N. EMERY,
Of Lawrence County.
Congressman-at-Large,
REV. J. M. PALMER,
Of Allegheny County.

PROHIBITION COUNTY NOMINATIONS.

For Congress,
HON. DAVID STERRETT, of Smethport.
For Member of Assembly,
ELISHA K. KANE, of Kane.
For County Treasurer,
MILES S. HOWE, of Foster Brook.
For Coroner,
J. S. WILSON, of Bradford City.
For County Surveyor,
G. H. LYON, of Bradford City.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

ONE MONTH
—FOR—
One Cent!

Buy a postal card and send for free sample copies of the WEEKLY CHRONICLE TELEGRAPH, to be sent you one month free of charge, to enable you to judge of its merits.

AGENTS WANTED.

Send for circular giving amount of cash commissions to agents. Liberal inducements offered. A good chance to make money without interfering with other work.

The Weekly Chronicle Telegraph! is an eight-page, fifty-six column newspaper, devoted to current news of the week, original copyrighted stories by the best authors, and a varied assortment of interesting matter for the farmer, merchant, mechanic and the family circle.

By Mail, Postage Paid, $1 a Year!

Address all communications,
WEEKLY CHRONICLE TELEGRAPH,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

Executor's Sale.

There will be sold at public auction at the residence of the late Gardiner Barrett in Keating Township on

Wednesday, October 20th, 1886,

Commencing at 2 o'clock p. m., the following described property, to-wit: One horse, one buggy, one harness, one one horse lumber wagon, one three-seated platform spring wagon, one cutter, three cows, one cider press, one cutting box, one corn sheller, sap buckets, pans, &c., and a quantity of hay, also some household furniture, a large number of farming tools too numerous to mention.

ELIZABETH C. BARRETT,
Executrix.

Smethport, Oct 4.

40 DOLLARS pays for LIFE SCHOLARSHIP in PALMS' BUSINESS COLLEGE
1709 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.
Positions for Graduates. Time required 3 to 4 mos. The Best Equipped. Best Course of Study. Best Everything. Write for Circulars.

Specht & Sasse,
PRACTICAL UNDERTAKERS,

Having purchased an elegant new Hearse, are prepared to attend all calls incident to their profession.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK!
OF BRADFORD, PA

CAPITAL $150,000
SURPLUS $ 30,000

S. C. BAYNE, President.
J. M. FULLER, Vice-President.
W. W. BELL, Cashier.

DIRECTORS

T W Brown, Vice President Provident Life and Trust Co, Philadelphia; C M Farrar, of Farrar & Trefts, Buffalo; J E Lawton, Olean, N Y; A B Walker, F W Davis, C C Melvin, J M Fuller, S C Bayne, W W Bell.

OTHER STOCKHOLDERS

Daniel O'Day, Jas Seep, W W Pullman, Byron D Hamlin, Henry Hamlin, A G Olmsted, J Emery Jr, F T Jones, C F Hequembourg, L F Hampshire, John McKeown, Robert C Simpson, W R Weaver, F D Wood, Asher Brown, John Ley, P L Webster, Joseph Stettheimer, H A Marsh, Robert Long, J W Shirley, A Hochstetter, Sheldon Jewett, P W Roth, James E Blair, A B Smith, Kenton Saulner, F T Howes, George H Mills.

Transact general banking business. Make collections, sell drafts on Europe, and give prompt attention to all business entrusted to us at lowest rates. sept 3, '86tf

List of Traverse Jurors

Drawn July 21, 1886, for a Court of Common Pleas to be holden at Smethport the Second Monday of October, A. D., 1886.

Allen, H F—Kendall
Archibald, W B—Eldred borough
Avery, A M—Bradford city
Brewster, I B—Bradford township
Brown, C H—Eldred township
Bowman, John—Lafayette
Bassett, F W—Foster, Dallas
Barkis, Thomas J—Eldred township
Blew, W E—Wetmore
Caughlin, Tere—Bradford city
Chadwick, John F—Smethport
Cawley, John—Annin
Campbell, Matthew—Foster, Derrick
Champlain, Marvin—Keating
Cummings, Willard—Eldred township
Cooper, W L—Lafayette
Daley, F T—Keating
Doyle, Michael—Eldred township
Fisher, M—Foster, Knox
Glass, J D—Foster, State Line
Gallup, Orlando—Norwich
Groshong, F W—Eldred township
Howard, James—Keating
Herb, F W—Otto, Oil Valley
Holly, Lafayette—Ceres
Hennage, A M—Kendall
Jesson, John—Bradford township, Custer
Kinney, Timothy—Hamlin
Kable, William—Foster, Sawyer
Lill, Theodore—Bradford city
Levens, W A—Bradford city
Marks, Lewis—Bradford city
Milliken, I S—Bradford township
McNalley, Barney—Annin
Moody, J S—Duke Centre
McEvoy, F J—Otto, Tram Hollow
Shaw, Alonzo—Eldred borough
Stenstrom, John—Hamlin
Ward, J E—Bradford city
Welch, Patrick—Eldred borough

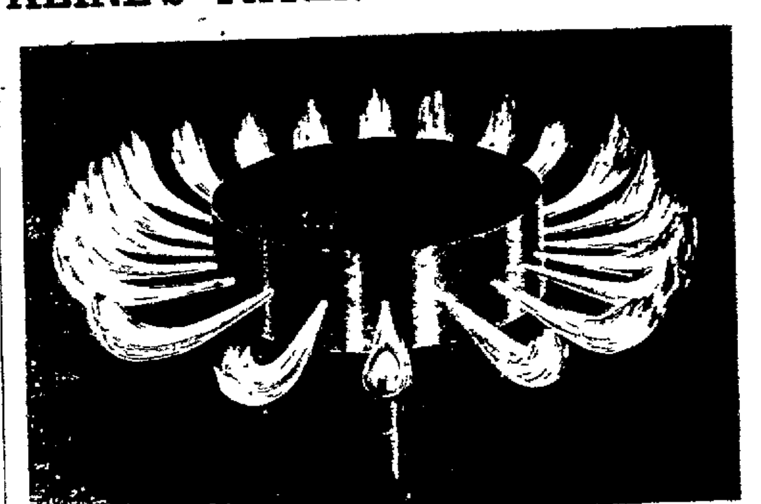
A. I. BANNON, Sheriff.
DAVAULT MARTIN, } Jury Coms.
M. S. SHELDON,
Attest, JNO. R. CHADWICK, Clerk.
Smethport, Pa., September 24, 1886.

Trial List,

FOR SECOND MONDAY OF OCTOBER, 1886.

1. H A Fowler, C S Beers, H H Pendleton and Ellen C Beers vs Manville Tuttle and James Black, administrators of Thos Frisbee's estate. No 317, May Term, 1886. Feigned Issue. Plea etc filed.
2. H S Southard vs Oil City Boiler Works. No 22, September Term 1882. Appeal. Plea—Nil Debit.
3. W S Kenyon vs Bradford Oil Exchange. No 127, February Term, 1883. Assumpsit. Plea—Non-assumpsit, payment with leave, etc.
4. J H Hughes vs J A Johnson. No 514 May Term, 1883. Assumpsit. Plea—Non-assumpsit, payment set off with leave, etc.
5. C Georger and F Georger, copartners as C & F Georger, vs A T Newell. No 30, September Term, 1883. Appeal. Plea—Nil Debit.
6. David Rogers vs A Balton and P Balton as Balton Bro's and A DeGolier. No 91, September Term, 1883. Assumpsit. Plea—Non-assumpsit, payment, payment with leave, etc.
7. F A Stowell and F H Matthews, partners as Stowell & Matthews, use of D D White and J V McIntyre, partners as White & McIntyre, now for use of W N Jennings, vs Tide Water Pipe Company, limited. No 233, September Term, 1883. Assumpsit. Plea—Non-assumpsit, payment with leave to give in evidence special matter, etc.
8. Frank N Blakeslee and Mary Cornelia Blakeslee, his wife, Stewart F Godden and Elvise Godden, his wife, Solon E Bacon and Belle I Bacon, his wife, in right of said wives, vs George W Sartwell. No 426, September Term, 1882. Ejectment for certain pieces or lots of land in Smethport borough. Plea—Not Guilty.
9. Geo F Bassett and E F Anderson, trading as Geo F Bassett & Co vs A T Newell. No 83, December Term, 1883. Appeal. Plea—Nil Debit.
10. Geo F Bassett, Geo W Bassett and Edward F Anderson, copartners as Geo F Bassett and Co vs A T Newell. No 83, December Term, 1883. Appeal. Plea Nil Debit.

KLINE'S PATENT GAS BURNER!



Saves Stoves, Gives More Heat, Does Away With Lamblack
—AND—
Heats the Lower Part of the Room!
KLINE GAS BURNER CO.
Ridgway, Pa.

Oct 8—3m

Williamsport Commercial College
WILLIAMSPORT, PA.

The largest, best equipped and most thorough institution in the State. Hundreds of graduates occupying good situations. A magnificent building of its own. Terms moderate.

F. M. ALLEN, Prest.

Address for terms, etc.

E. B. McCOY
Druggist & Pharmacist
No. 34 Main Street,
SMETHPORT, PA.

Fresh and Reliable Drugs, Pure Wines and Liquors for Medicinal Purposes, Patent Medicines, Fine Stationery, Toilet Articles, Perfumery, And a Full Line of Cigars Always On Hand.

Prescriptions Accurately Compounded Night or Day.

An Electric night bell connected with sleeping room gives special facilities for night calls.

Desirable Hotel Property
FOR SALE.

THE long established and favorably known Bergstresser House, corner of Franklin and Main streets, Smethport, Pa., is offered for sale on terms which will be made satisfactory to the purchaser. It is a roomy three-story structure fitted up with all modern improvements and conveniences and is a business opportunity which is not often met with. Anyone desiring to engage in the business of hotel keeping will consult his interest by addressing the proprietress.

MRS. M. E. BERGSTRESSER.
Smethport, Pa., April 1st, 1886. tf

GO TO
ROONEY'S MARKET
Wholesale and Retail
—FOR A—
Nice Piece of Meat
Fresh, Salt or Smoked.
—FOR—
FRESH & SALT FISH
—AND FOR ALL—
FRUITS AND VEGETABLES
I will also pay the highest price for
STOCK AND HIDES.

CALL AND SATISFY YOURSELF.

Nearly opposite Catholic church, Main st.

J. F. ROONEY.

U. B. Mutual Aid!

This Company received its charter March 11, 1869. It has paid to widows and orphans IN CASH

$4,474,000!

Up to the present time. The Company is known as the

MOST RELIABLE

One to Insure in. It has always paid its losses

IN FULL
—AND—
PROMPTLY.

I have paid $7,000 of this Company's money to beneficiaries in this county, since I have been its agent, as follows:

To the representatives of
S B Sartwell, Smethport, $3,000.
Mrs Geo Welker, Kane, $1,000.
Mr Wm Fitzpatrick, " $1,000.
Mr Michael Burke, " $1,000.

The latter was killed within eleven days from the date of his insurance which cost him only $8.60.

C. A. BURDICK, Agent.
Smethport, Dec 22, 1885.

DR. KILMER'S SWAMP-ROOT
KIDNEY, LIVER & BLADDER CURE.
CURES

A MEDICAL VICTORY!

Cures Brights' Disease, Catarrh of the Bladder, Torpid Liver. It dissolves Gall-Stones and Gravel.

SYMPTOMS and CONDITIONS of Urine for which this Remedy should be taken.

Scalding, Stoppage, Blood-tinged, Diabetic, Albumen, Brick-dust, Dropsical, Dribbling, Milky-pink, Headache, Frequent, Costiveness, Bone-ache, Nervous, Reddish-dark, Uric-acid, Settlings, Catarrh-ache, Backache, Nerve-ache, Phosphates, Bad-taste, Foul-Breath, Gall-color.

IT IS A SPECIFIC.
Every dose goes to the spot.

Relieves and Cures internal Slime-fever, Canker, Dyspepsia, Anæmia, Malaria, Fever and Ague, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Enlargement of the Prostate Gland, Sexual Weakness, Spermatorrhœa and Gout.

It Eliminates Blood Impurities, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt-Rheum, Syphilis, Pimples, Blotches, Fever-sores, and Cancer-taints.

It is a most Wonderful Appetizer. Builds up Quickly a Run-down Constitution. Tell your neighbor all about it.

PRICE 25c, $1.00—6 bottles $5.00.

Prepared at Dr. Kilmer's Dispensary, Binghamton, N. Y., U. S. A.
Invalids' Guide to Health (Sent Free.)
All letters of inquiry promptly answered.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

D. LANGELL'S ASTHMA AND CATARRH REMEDY.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Having struggled 20 years between life and death with Asthma or Phthisic, treated by eminent physicians, and receiving no benefit, I was compelled during the last five years of illness to sit on my chair day and night gasping for breath. My sufferings were beyond description. In despair I experimented on myself by compounding roots and herbs and inhaling the medicine thus obtained. I fortunately discovered this wonderful cure for Asthma and Catarrh, warranted to relieve the most stubborn case of Asthma in five minutes, so that the patient can lie down to rest and sleep comfortably. Please read the following condensed extracts from unsolicited testimonials, all of recent date.

Oliver V. R. Holmes, San Jose, Cal., writes: "I find the Remedy all and even more than represented. I receive instantaneous relief."

E. M. Carson, A. M., Warren, Kan., writes: "Was treated by eminent physicians of this country and Germany, tried the climate of different states—nothing afforded relief like your preparation."

L. B. Gates, County Treasurer, Philadelphia, Miss., writes: "Have used the Remedy. Would not live without it. Every one that uses it recommends it."

L. B. Phelps, P. M., Griggs, Ohio, writes: "Suffered with Asthma 40 years. Your medicine in 3 minutes does more for me than the most eminent physician did for me in 3 years."

H. C. Plimpton, Joliet, Ill., writes: "Send Catarrh Remedy at once. Cannot get along without it. I find it to be the most valuable medicine I have ever tried."

Geo. W. Brady, Nelson Co., Ky., writes: "I am using the Remedy. Gained 8 pounds in 3 weeks. Would not be without it."

Martin Fox, Little Falls, N. Y., writes: "Find Remedy excellent. Could not live without it."

We have many other hearty testimonials of cure or relief, and in order that all sufferers from Asthma, Catarrh, Hay Fever, and kindred diseases may have an opportunity of testing the value of the Remedy we will send to any address trial package free of charge. Address,

J. ZIMMERMAN & CO., Proprietors,
Wholesale Druggists, Wooster, Wayne Co., Ohio. Full size box by mail $1.00.
June 18 1886-1y

J. C. HEALEY,
Fashionable Boot & Shoe Maker,
SMETHPORT, PA.

Mr Healey is turning out some of the finest custom-made work ever seen in Smethport, and at prices that are positively lower than the same class of goods have ever been sold for in this locality. He handles nothing but the very best stock of uppers that can be obtained, embracing all the latest styles for fall and winter wear. If you intend getting a pair of custom made boots or shoes for fall wear, be sure and call and examine his work. It will be to your interest to do so.

Shop on Main street, next door to Wells' drug store.

Smethport, Pa., Aug 6, 1886-y1.

F. J. VICKERY,
DEALER IN
FLOUR, FEED,
MEAL AND GRAIN,
AT HIS MILL IN
Smethport, Pa.

Fresh Feed and Meal of the best quality constantly on hand which will be sold at the

LOWEST PRICES FOR CASH.

After this date all goods must be paid for on delivery. We propose to SELL FOR CASH and at CASH PRICES.

F. J. VICKERY.

Smethport, Oct. 9th, 1885.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE.

H. C. WELLS,
Our Popular Druggist,
No. 47 Main Street
(BRICK DRUG STORE,)
SMETHPORT, PA.

Wishes to announce to his many friends and patrons, and public generally, that he has just received his Summer stock of

Strictly Pure Drugs!

PATENT MEDICINES, SUNDRIES and Appliances of all Kinds.

His facilities for Prescription Filling are unsurpassed. Every drug compounded is of full strength and best manufacture, and therefore certain to produce the effect required.

—HIS STOCK OF—

MEDICINAL LIQUORS

Is simply unsurpassed in the country. He has Brandy and Wine—Port and Sherry—that has been in stock for 17 years.

S. I. WELLS, M. D., brother to H. C., has his office and residence up stairs over the Drug Store. The doctor may be consulted there during office hours, and called at night by ringing the night bell on the front door.

All calls at night cheerfully responded to.

Smethport, Pa., July 16th, 1886.

J. W. PIKE,
TONSORIAL ✱ ARTIST!

Special attention given to cutting Ladies' Bangs in all the leading styles. Ladies can feel perfectly safe in calling at my shop, as the strictest order is maintained.

Hair Tonic and Dandruff Cures for sale.

Shop one door east of Chautauqua House, Smethport, Pa. vol23no36.

OH! MY BACK

Every strain or cold attacks that weak back and nearly prostrates you.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS THE BEST TONIC

PHYSICIANS AND DRUGGISTS RECOMMEND IT.

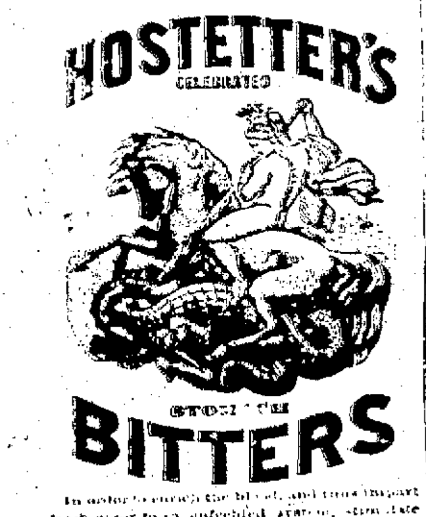
Strengthens the Muscles, Steadies the Nerves, Enriches the Blood, Gives New Vigor.

Dr. J. L. Myers, Fairfield, Iowa, says: "Brown's Iron Bitters is the best Iron medicine I have known in my 30 years' practice. I have found it specially beneficial in nervous or physical exhaustion, and in all debilitating ailments that bear so heavily on the system. Use it freely in my own family."

Mr. W. F. Brown, 537 Main St., Covington, Ky., says: "I was completely broken down in health and troubled with pains in my back. Brown's Iron Bitters entirely restored me to health."

Genuine has above Trade Mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other. Made only by BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

A PRIZE. Send six cents for postage, and receive free, a costly box of goods which will help you to more money right away than anything else in this world. All, of either sex, succeed from first hour. The broad road to fortune opens before the workers, absolutely sure. At once address, TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine. 52y1



HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS

In order to enrich the blood, and thus impart fresh vigor to an enfeebled system, stimulate flagging digestion with the national invigorant, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which, by infusing energy into the [illegible] of the system, promotes [illegible] and assimilation, [illegible] To give an appetite, vigor and flesh, it is [illegible] to follow a course of this deservedly popular tonic, which is moreover, a remedy for [illegible] of [illegible]. For sale by all druggists and dealers generally.

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ELDREDGE

"B"

SEWING MACHINE with Automatic, Self-threading Cylinder Shuttle.

No. 1

The ELDREDGE "B" is sold with the guarantee of being the BEST that can be MADE.

AGENTS WANTED.

ELDREDGE MANUFACTURING CO.

363 and 365 WABASH AVE.,

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ONE MILE SIGNAL WHISTLE

FIRST PREMIUM PHILADELPHIA.

Grand Prize Medal, Paris, 1878.

DREYDOPPEL'S BORAX SOAP

Ask your Grocer for it. Wm. Dreydoppel, Mfr., 208 North Front Street, PHILADELPHIA, PA.

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YOUNG MEN.

Boys and Middle-aged Men & Young Ladies trained for a successful start in business life at Coleman College, Newark, N. J. [illegible] Coleman, Pres., [illegible]

AGENTS Wanted for handsome illustrated standard works of character; great variety; **Books & Bibles** low in price; selling fast; needed everywhere. Liberal terms. [illegible] Philadelphia, Pa.

$200,000 in presents given away. Send us 5 cents postage, and by mail you will get free a package of goods of large value, that will start you in work that will at once bring you in money faster than anything else in America. All about the $200,000 in presents with each box. Agents wanted everywhere, of either sex, of all ages, for all the time, or spare time only, to work for us at their own homes. Fortunes for all workers absolutely assured. Don't delay. H. Hallett & Co., Portland, Maine. 52-1y

THE FARM AND GARDEN.

ILLUSTRATIONS OF SOME SPRING FLOWERING BULBS.

An Agriculturist Who Tells How to Make Grains and Grasses Grow in the South—Pea Vine Fodder—Something to Clip—Hyacinths.

The most desirable of the spring blooming bulbs are hyacinths, tulips, the crocus and narcissus and snowdrops. It is not yet too late to plant any of them in the open ground to bloom next spring. It must be done before the ground freezes.

The hyacinths will be the first favorite. Their variety is infinite. Beg spare bulbs from your neighbors, or buy them from a reliable florist, leaving him to select the kinds. Have the hyacinth bed dug deep and thoroughly [illegible] with well rotted barnyard manure. Set the bulbs six to eight inches apart and four inches underground. [illegible] the bulbs with a little dry sand. [illegible] north and northwest a covering of [illegible] straw should be put over the bed at the approach of the coldest weather, and [illegible] till the plants peep [illegible] spring. Plant different kinds together [illegible], so there will be a contrast of color. Some of the hyacinths are so deep a purple as to be nearly black. They range through the shades of red and blue. There are also white ones.

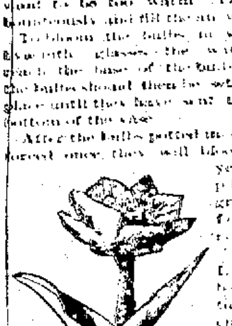
HYACINTHS.

The illustration shows two fine single hyacinths. That on the left is a bright pink, on the right an intense purple. Double and single hyacinths are alike beautiful and fragrant.

The hyacinth is a favorite flower for forcing into winter blooming. The white Roman hyacinth can be brought into bloom by Christmas. When the flowers are wanted to bloom in winter and early spring, Vick's Magazine says each bulb should be set in a five inch pot, with the soil just coming to the neck. Water with a fine spray nozzle and put in a dark, cool, though not cold place for six weeks or two months. By that time the roots will be developed. Give them a little water from time to time if they are dry. Turn out the ball of earth carefully to see if the roots have filled it. When they have done so, bring your hyacinths into the light and to a slightly warmer place. It does not want to be too warm. Then it will bloom luxuriously and fill the air with fragrance.

To bloom the bulbs in vases of water—hyacinth glasses—the water should just reach the base of the bulb, and, as before, the bulbs should then be set in a cool, dark place until they have sent their roots to the bottom of the vase.

After the bulbs potted in earth have been forced once, they will bloom again after a year's rest, by being planted in the ground. But bulbs forced in water never flower again.



The picture shows [illegible], a beautiful double tulip. There is no end of varieties of tulips with their brilliant, flashing petals of many colors. Have a little bed of them for early spring.

DOUBLE TULIP. La Candeur is a white tulip. Vick's Magazine says: "In bedding tulips have the soil well enriched, and plant the bulbs from four to six inches apart and three inches deep."

Both the single and the double tulips can be employed for bedding in figures or in masses of single colors. A large star shaped bed of La Candeur, seen from our office window this spring, remained in fine condition several weeks, a white star on the green lawn.

Tulips can also be forced, though not quite as well as hyacinths. They are seen in the large cities, however, from florists' hothouses the winter through.

The narcissus, to which family belong the favorite jonquils and daffodils, is also a beautiful plant for both early spring blooming and forcing. There are single and double plants of many varieties.

The most popular POLYANTHUS NARCISSUS of all at present is the very interesting family of polyanthus narcissus. That in the illustration is white.

In setting into the ground, the narcissus is to be planted like the tulip. In potting, bury the neck of the bulb even with the soil. The narcissus can also be forced in water.

CROCUS.

The excellent authority already quoted says of the crocus: Only the snowdrop is earlier. These plants should be in every garden, as the sight of them in spring is most pleasing. They should be set about two inches deep and three inches apart in the garden border. And one of the best uses that is made of them and snowdrops, which are treated alike, is to set them promiscuously about in the lawn in the fall; here they bloom as soon as the snow begins and nearly rise it before it is [illegible] gone. The different colored varieties of the crocus should be used, and they give an unexpected life to the lawn early in the season. Both the crocus and the snowdrop can be forced and bloomed in the house by putting them about an inch apart and keeping them in a cool, dark place to make roots, and afterwards giving them light and a little higher temperature.

Clip This Out.

Following is a table showing the amount of seed required to be sown to the acre of almost everything the farmer grows. It is from "How the Farm Pays":

Winter Wheat, broadcast	2 to 2½ bushels
Winter Wheat, drilled	1 to 1½ bushels
Spring Wheat, broadcast	2½ to 3 bushels
Spring Wheat, drilled	1½ to 2 bushels
Barley, broadcast	2 to 2½ bushels
Barley, drilled	1½ to 2 bushels
Oats, broadcast	3 to 4 bushels
Oats, drilled	2 to 2½ bushels
Rye, broadcast	2 bushels
Rye, drilled	1 to 1½ bushels
Orchard Grass (if sown alone, though it never should be sown except in mixture)	3 to 4 bushels
Timothy or Herds Grass (when sown with grain in the fall, to be followed with clover in the spring)	12 to 15 quarts
Timothy, without Clover	16 to 24 quarts
Red Top, or Brown Top, broadcast	3 bushels
Blue Grass, broadcast	2 bushels
Hungarian Millet	1 bushel
Golden Millet	1½ bushels
Red Clover, broadcast, after Timothy in the spring	10 to 12 quarts
Red Clover, without other Grasses in the spring	12 to 14 quarts
Lucerne, or Alfalfa, broadcast	15 to 20 pounds
Lucerne, or Alfalfa, drilled	10 pounds
White Clover, broadcast	8 pounds
Field Corn, in hills, small varieties	5 to 6 quarts
Field Corn, in hills, large varieties	6 to 8 quarts
Field Corn, for fodder, sown in drills 3½ feet wide and 1 foot apart	2 bushels
Oats and Peas, when sown together for fodder	2 bushels of each
Beets and Mangels, in drills always, 30 inches apart	6 to 7 pounds
Carrots, in drills always, 24 inches apart	2 to 3 pounds
Turnips and Ruta Bagas, in drills 30 inches apart	2 pounds
Parsnips, in drills, 2 feet apart	5 to 8 pounds
Beans in drills 2½ feet apart	2 bushels
Peas, planted alone without any mixture, in drills 3 feet apart	3 bushels
Potatoes, in drills 3 feet apart	12 to 14 bushels

Grain and Grass in the South.

Dr. W. L. Jones, the accomplished agricultural writer of The Southern Cultivator, believes with enthusiasm that the grains and grasses will grow in the south. They should be planted early, however, he thinks, preferably in September. A great, strong autumn growth will be to them in the south what winter snows are in the north.

On light, thin soils it is better to sow grass seed, without any other grain, and he insists on heavy seeding, with very thin covering, and the thorough use of the roller.

Dr. Jones finds that what is called the winter grazing oat of middle Georgia withstands cold and does not rust, as far as he has had experience of it. His crop was sown Oct. 20, though that is rather late. With barley and rye his advice is as follows: To some extent barley and rye can be made to take the place of fall oats—barley on the richer and rye on the poorer lands. With these cover the bare cotton fields during the winter and save them from washing and leaching. Simply harrow in the seed—don't break up the land and increase the facilities for washing. When green these crops can be cut and fed to horses and cows; when matured they can be harvested, threshed and ground and make most excellent stock feed. Rye straw commands ready sale for filling in horse collars and other purposes, but the stalls and stock yards may well dispose of it all. Our soils cry aloud for humus; let us take every opportunity to supply it. Some one has suggested that oats and rye might be sown together so if the oats should be killed the rye would not and the land would still be occupied with a desirable crop. We see no objection except the unequal ripening of the two crops; but as rye will remain standing without waste for some time after it ripens, it could wait on the oats. Upon the whole the suggestion strikes us as a good one, worthy of being tested by trial.

Pea Vines.

A loft with a slatted or open floor is an excellent place to cure this or any kind of forage. In the absence of above appliances the vines may be put in small cocks—narrow but high—and if the weather is dry several of these may be thrown together into a larger cock on the third or fourth day. Constant regard should be had to avoid exposing much surface to sun or dew. Hence high and narrow cocks are recommended. It is difficult to have them properly made by ordinary hands; this is one of the things a farmer should personally supervise.—Southern Cultivator.

Spanish Ground Peas.

I fatten my hogs on them using but little corn. They are the thing for farmers living in a stock law district. One acre will keep several head of hogs in good order. I plant them in the place of the common stock pea between my corn. They can be planted after cutting oats and will mature by the 15th of September. They are pulled up with the vine and can be housed and picked on rainy days. All planters who raise hogs should get the ninety day ground pea. T. N. H. in New York World.

Things to Do and to Know.

The early Ohio is the earliest good potato. Try it.

Black currants are delicious canned or preserved in sugar.

There are 80,000 women belonging to granges in the United States.

Churn often. Don't let the cream stand till it gets tart and whey.

The finest show of horses ever seen in Maine was witnessed at the late New England fair.

The cobs from which sweet corn has been cut, contain considerable nutriment and will be greedily eaten by cows.

[illegible] working. Experts say the best butter is that which [illegible] the way through.

In curing tobacco remember that rapid curing is not curing. The plants want to be relieved of their sap and not too very gradually, else the leaf will be injured.

Angora goats, which produce the mohair of the trade, are being introduced to some extent in the west and south. It is believed they will prove profitable. They have been bred in California nearly forty years.

The most extensive and successful poultryman in New Jersey is a colored man, James Tucker. He says: "The colored man has long been credited with a great knowledge of raising chickens, but always other people's. I raise my own."

Don't say because wood ashes produce fine results on your land that they are the best of all manures. Don't say because they show no effects they are worthless. In the one case your land may be rich in phosphoric acid and nitrogen, needing chiefly potash; in the other rich in potash.—Rural New Yorker.

An Enterprising, Reliable House.

A. B. Armstrong can always be relied upon, not only to carry in stock the best of everything, but to secure the agency for such articles as have well known merit, and are popular with the people, thereby sustaining the reputation of being always enterprising, and ever reliable. Having secured the agency for the celebrated Dr. King's new discovery for consumption, will sell it on a positive guarantee. It will surely cure any and every affection of the throat, lungs and chest, and to show our confidence, we invite you to call and get a trial bottle free.

Wonderful Cures.

W. D. Hoyt & Co., wholesale and retail druggist of Rome, Ga., says: We have been selling Dr. King's new discovery, Electric Bitters and Bucklen's Arnica Salve for two years. Have never handled remedies that sell as well, or give such universal satisfaction. There have been some wonderful cures effected by these medicines in this city. Several cases of pronounced Consumption have been entirely cured by the use of a few bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery, taken in connection with Electric Bitters. We guarantee them always. Sold by A. B. Armstrong.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. Sold by A. B. Armstrong.

HAVE YOU RHEUMATISM?

A remedy has been discovered. In this country it is new. It has, however, been in successful use for many years in Europe, and it is a fact that the

RUSSIAN RHEUMATISM CURE

has the endorsement of Continental Physicians and Government Sanitary Commissions, as well as the thousands of sufferers to whom it has brought relief. It has saved others—all who have tried it. It

WILL SAVE YOU

from further agony, if you'll only give it a chance. Descriptive pamphlet, with testimonials, free.

Price $2.50. If mailed, 10c additional. If registered, 10c more.

One box does the business. RUSSIAN RHEUMATISM CURE. None Genuine without this Trade Mark.

As yet it is not to be found at the stores, but can only be had by enclosing the amount as above, and addressing the American proprietors.

PFAELZER BROS. & CO. 819-821 Market Street, Philadelphia.

BARBER SHOP

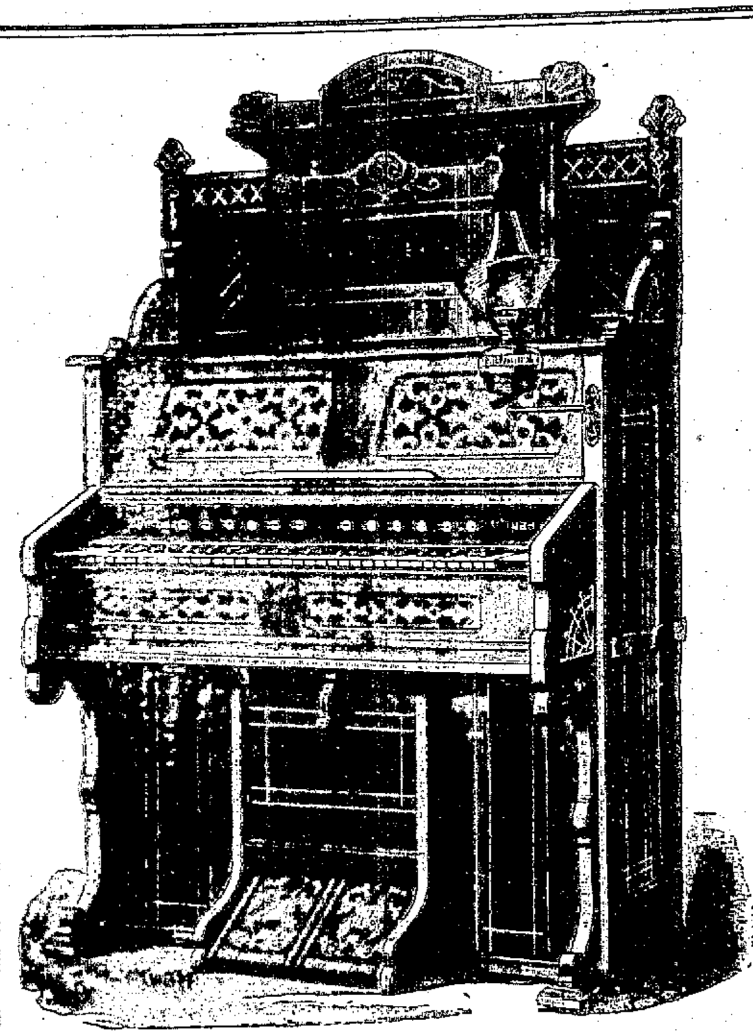
ALFRED STURDVIENT

Would respectfully announce to his patrons and the public generally that he has moved his Barber Shop into his recently finished and commodious new Marble Front building next door to W. D. Gallup's store, Main street, where he is prepared to do

SHAVING AND HAIRDRESSING

In the latest style of the art. None but first-class workmen employed.

☞ BATH ROOMS ATTACHED.



ORGAN FOR SALE!

The subscriber offers an ENTIRELY NEW Parlor Organ for

SEVENTY-FIVE DOLLARS!

And on Terms to Suit the Purchaser. The Organ is a FIVE OCTAVE. Beautifully Proportioned and Ornamented, and is well worth

One Hundred and Fifty Dollars.

IT CONTAINS

23 Stops and 12 Sets of Reeds!

AND IS

Seventy-Two Inches in Height.

Any one desiring to purchase an organ will be compensated not only in money but in a great amount of satisfaction by calling on

MISS F. L. ROGERS,
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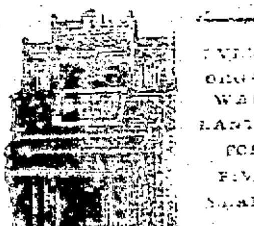
GOLD fields are scarce, but those who write to Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine, will receive free, full information about work which they can do and live at home that will pay them from $5 to $25 per day. Some have earned over $50 in a day. Either sex, young or old. Capital not required. You are started free. Those who start at once are absolutely sure of snug little fortunes. All is new.

THE

CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGAN

Has attained a [illegible] admits of no [illegible] It contains [illegible] genius, [illegible]



OUR AIM IS TO EXCEL.

EVERY ORGAN WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.

These excellent Organs are [illegible] quality of tone, [illegible] combination, [illegible] construction, [illegible]

ESTABLISHED REPUTATION. UNEQUALED FACILITIES. SKILLED WORKMEN. BEST MATERIAL. COMBINED, MAKE THIS

THE POPULAR ORGAN

[illegible] Books and Piano Stools.

Catalogues [illegible] on application, FREE.

The Chicago Cottage Organ Co.
Corner Randolph and Ann Streets,
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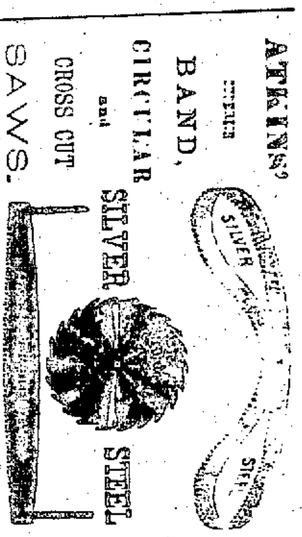

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Doctor Thomas' Eclectric Oil
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SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
PRICE 50c. and $1.00.
FOSTER, MILBURN & CO., Prop's, BUFFALO, N. Y.

F. C. OLDS,

At his store in

FARMERS' VALLEY, PA.

is prepared to supply his customers with

DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
BOOTS AND SHOES,

Crockery, and all other goods required for family use or to keep soul and body together at figures that will astonish

The Natives!

He keeps on hand always the choicest brands of Flour, Feed, &c., and his Buckwheat can't be beat in the Universe. Smethport people will save money by taking a short ride of four miles over a lovely road and buy their goods for less money than they can buy at home.

Farmers' Valley, Nov. 20, 1881. 43-1y

M. A. SPRAGUE'S HARDWARE STORE,

Opposite the Grand Central,

IS HEADQUARTERS FOR

Hardware, Stoves, Tinware,
House Furnishnig Goods
SILVERWARE,
Cutlery, Lamps,
Glass, Lead, Oils, Paints, Putty,
Farmers' and Mechanics' Tools,

In fact everything usually kept in a First Class Hardware Store. The Closest buyers and Best Judges of what they buy concede the fact that more goods of same quality can be bought for less money at the above store than any other place in the Country.

A COMPETENT TINNER

Always on hand ready to do work on short notice.

GLEASON & LEMMLER

Dealers in and Manufacturers of

HARNESS
OF EVERY STYLE
AND CHARACTER

Which they will sell at the

LOWEST RATES.

They also keep a full supply of

Saddles, Blankets; Whips, Etc.

Also a large and complete invoice of

TRUNKS & VALISES

Which they propose to sell at manufacturers' prices. Call and examine our stock and prices and become satisfied that it is a waste of time to look elsewhere for goods we sell. We are selling our goods as low as any house west of New York for quality.

GLEASON & LEMMLER.

Smethport, Pa., March 13, 1884.

WAGON,

Carriage and Blacksmith Shop,

MECHANIC ST., SMETHPORT, PA.

Wm. Masser, - Prop'r.

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A SPECIALTY.

The Greatest Care Taken in Shoeing Horses with

Bad Feet!

All Kinds of Repairing done to order on short notice.

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Successor to C. L. Douglass,

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Dealer in

DRY GOODS & GROCERIES,

PROVISIONS, BOOTS, SHOES, &c.

Which I am prepared to sell very cheap for Cash.

YOUNG FOLKS' COLUMN.

FUN FOR THE YOUNG PEOPLE IN SHADOW PICTURES.

Tiny Creatures Prisoned in Amber for Ages—Puzzles—To Make Shadow Pictures—"Will You Beckon Me Ever, Oh, Dear Little Hands!"

Dear little hands, I love them so!
And now they are lying under the snow—
Under the snow, so cold and white,
I can not see them, or touch them to night.
They are quiet and still at last, ah me!
How busy and restless they used to be!
But now they can never reach up through the snow;
Dear little hands, I loved them so!

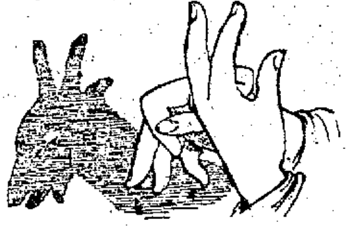
Dear little hands, I miss them so!
All through the day, wherever I go—
All through the night how lonely it seems,
For no little hands wake me out of my dreams.
I miss them all through the weary hours,
I miss them as others miss sunshine and flowers;
Day time, or night time, wherever I go,
Dear little hands, I miss them so!

Dear little hands, they have gone from me now,
Never again will they rest on my brow—
Never again smooth my sorrowful face,
Never clasp me in a childish embrace.
And now my forehead grows wrinkled with care,
Thinking of little hands, once resting there;
But I know in a happier, heavenlier clime,
Dear little hands, I will clasp you sometime.

Dear little hands, when the Master shall call,
I'll welcome the summons that comes to us all—
When my feet touch the waters so dark and so cold,
And I catch my first glimpse of the City of Gold,
If I keep my eye fixed on the heavenly gate,
Over the tide where the white-robed ones wait,
Shall I know you, I wonder, among the bright bands;
Will you beckon me over, oh! dear little hands?
—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Shadow Pictures.

The shadow pantomime can easily be arranged in a large room, across the center of which a sheet is stretched; or better still, in two parlors. Across the opening between the two rooms, the sheet is suspended. The sheet should be damp, but not wet enough to allow the water to drip on the carpet. The performance takes place in the back parlor behind the sheet; the audience sit in the other room in front of the sheet. The audience part should be in semi-darkness, while behind the sheet there should be a strong light from a lamp placed on the floor.



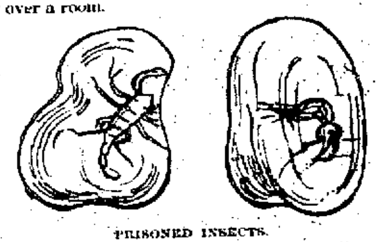
SHADOW RABBIT.

The actors come in front of the lamp, and their shadows are thus shown vividly on the sheet, their bulk increasing and decreasing according to distance. When they jump over the lamp from behind their shadows appear to descend from the roof, and when they jump back again—that is, from the sheet—their shadows appear to vanish into the sky.

The actors may be dressed in various fantastic ways; for instance, an old man may be represented by a boy in his father's great coat, tottering along by aid of a stick; an old woman may be played by little Kate or Jenny in grandmother's bonnet or shawl, and Tiny Toddles may be made to appear as a miniature clown by means of a paper cap and a large pair of knickerbockers with legs stuffed. In this way amusing scenes have been performed; the more activity displayed by the actors the more fun. Tables, chairs, etc., may be introduced, and much merriment is caused by one boy jumping over the back of another and vanishing at each jump.—Southern Cultivator.

An Amber Prison.

Amber is a very beautiful clear yellow substance. The ladies are fond of it to make beads, bracelets, combs and breastpins. It looks something like the hardened, transparent gum of a peach tree, although it is much prettier. Indeed, amber is supposed to be really the gum of a cone-bearing tree. But it was a tree that went out of existence long before the present race of man came into existence, and so nobody knows much about it for certain. Amber is very electric. If you rub a piece of it briskly with a silk handkerchief it will drive a bit of down before it all over a room.



PRISONED INSECTS.

It is found under and near the sea, along with beds of wood and coal. Sometimes it is cast out upon shore by the sea, and again men fish for it with nets. Mohammedans at Mecca burn quantities of it in their worship, and it gives out a fragrant smell.

But the oddest thing about amber is shown in the picture. When it flowed out from the tree first it was soft and sticky, and fell in drops. If gnats or other insects were in its way, of course it caught them and held them. Then more drops fell and the insect was at length covered all over and buried for ever. Then the gum hardened and the insect was shut up within amber walls, to remain for ages, till some men of a new, strange race found it and treasured it as a great curiosity. I have seen a tiny lizard prisoned in the heart of a piece of amber half as large as a child's fist. The creatures thus penned fast are of a species unlike any now known upon the globe.

Amber is found on the coasts of the Baltic sea, also in Siberia, Greenland and on the shores of Sicily. It has been obtained in pieces as large as ten to twelve pounds. But it is not so very plentiful any more.

Beheadings.

1. A word meaning to blossom—behead, and leave a word meaning to let down. 2. A word meaning flesh—behead, and find a word meaning to take nourishment. 3. A word meaning at no time—behead, and find a word meaning always. 4. A word meaning a piece of furniture—behead, and get a word meaning can. 5. A word meaning autumn—behead, and get a word meaning everything.

ADELAIDE JOHNSON.

Charade.

My first's a mean and humble bed,
Where poverty reclines;
You'll find my next on bushes spread
When summer's sunbeam shines.
My whole's a pleasant, cooling fruit,
That fails not every taste to suit.

The first half of the answer to the above charade is the word "straw."

[illegible] Holder. Your lines are where you put them—not under horses' feet. One agent sold 12 doz. in 5 days, one dealer sold 6 doz. in 15 days. Samples worth $1.50 FREE. Write for terms. E. E. BREWSTER, Holly, Mich. March 12, 1885-1y.

DRUGS

PATENT MEDICINES,

School Books, Blank Books.

STATIONERY,
FANCY GOODS.

DRUGGISTS SUNDRIES,

NEWS DEPOT AND CIRCULATING LIBRARY CAN BE FOUND AT

THE

DRUG AND BOOK STORE

OF

A. B. ARMSTRONG,
Smethport, Pa.

BROWNELL BROS

HAVE AN IMMENSE

FALL STOCK

OF

DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS AND CAPS.
GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS

A FULL LINE OF

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS

ETC., ETC.

OUR MOTTO—"Justice to all."

Smethport, - Pa.

January 1, 1886.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

the popular favorite for dressing the hair, Restoring the color when gray, and preventing Dandruff. It cleanses the scalp, stops the hair falling, and is sure to please. 50c. and $1 sizes at Druggists.

PARKER'S TONIC

The Best Cough Cure you can use and the best known preventive of Consumption.

PARKER'S TONIC kept in a home is a sentinel to keep sickness out. Used discreetly it keeps the blood pure and the Stomach, Liver and Kidneys in working order. Coughs and Colds vanish before it. It builds up the health.

If you suffer from Debility, Skin Eruptions, Cough, Asthma, Dyspepsia, Kidney, Urinary or Female Complaints, or any disorder of the Lungs, Stomach, Bowels, Blood or Nerves, don't wait till you are sick in bed, but use PARKER'S TONIC to-day; it will give you new life and vigor.

HISCOX & CO., N. Y.

Sold by Druggists. Large saving buying $1 size.

H. F. BRAMMER & CO.'S CELEBRATED WASHING MACHINES

Over 25,000 now in use and [illegible]

GIVING GENERAL SATISFACTION.

This is the only washer that will wash every part of the clothes perfectly clean without injuring the same. No housekeeper can afford to be without it. It allows no steam to escape, keeps water hotter a long time, works easy, washes clean, is neat in appearance and made to last.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY

H. F. BRAMMER & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

WASHING MACHINES AND CHURNS

Also Ironing Boards, Clothes Racks, Adjustable Window Screens, Cigar Box Lumber, and all kinds of Boxes and Shipping Cases.

DAVENPORT, IOWA.

THE

TROY SPRING WAGON

AND

WHEEL WORKS,

TROY, OHIO.

No. 25 ROAD WAGON.

Manufacture for the Trade,

SPRING WAGONS,
JUMP SEATS,
SOLID and STICK
SURRIES, &c.

ALL WORK WARRANTED.

Drop us a postal card and we will direct you to our agent nearest you, or furnish you ourselves with Catalogue and Prices.

THE

Troy Spring Wagon and Wheel Works,
TROY, OHIO.

FIRST CLASS—Grocers Keep It.

This child is clean
And sweet, I ween,
As any Queen
You've ever seen.

For her turned up nose,
Her sweet little toes,
Her pretty pink hose,
And all her clothes

Were washed with

ELECTRIC LIGHT SOAP

Without Rubbing.

First Class Housekeepers use it.

1st. Washing clothes in the usual manner is decidedly hard work; it wears you out and the clothes too.

2d. Try a better plan and invest five cents in a bar of ELECTRIC LIGHT SOAP. Saves Time, Labor, Money, Fuel and Clothes. Use as directed on the wrapper of each bar.

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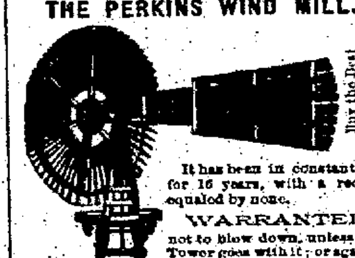
ATKINS SOAP CO.
INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

THE PERKINS WIND MILL.



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It has been in constant use for 16 years, with a record equaled by none.

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not to blow down, unless the Tower goes with it; or against any wind that does not disable substantial farm buildings; to be perfect; to outlast and do better work than any other mill made.

We manufacture both Pumping and Geared Mills and carry a full line of Wind Mill Supplies.

AGENTS WANTED.

Send for Catalogue, Circular and Prices.

Address PERKINS WIND MILL & AX CO.,
Mishawaka, Ind.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

PHILADELPHIA & ERIE DIVISION TIME TABLE. In effect May 31, 1886. Daily Except Sunday.

TRAINS LEAVE EMPORIUM JUNCTION EASTWARD.

8:35 a. m.—Day Express for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, Lancaster, Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington, arriving at Philadelphia 6:50 p. m., New York 9:35 p. m., Baltimore 6:45 p. m., Washington, 8:00 p. m. Pullman Parlor car through from Williamsport to Philadelphia.

9:15 p. m.—Erie Mail for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, Lancaster, Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington, arriving at Philadelphia 8:25 a. m., New York 11:30 a. m., Baltimore 8:15 a. m., Washington 9:25 a. m. Through Pullman sleeping cars are run on this train from Erie to Philadelphia and from Williamsport to Baltimore and Washington and through passenger cars from Erie to Philadelphia and from Williamsport to Baltimore.

WESTWARD.

10:35 a. m.—Erie Mail for Erie and all intermediate stations with through Pullman Palace car and through passenger coaches to Erie.

7:00 p. m.—Niagara Express for Kane and intermediate stations with through passenger coaches to Kane.

THROUGH TRAINS for EMPORIUM JUNCTION FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

Niagara Express leaves Philadelphia 7:40 a. m., Baltimore 7:30 a. m., arriving at Emporium Junction 7:10 p. m., with through Pullman Parlor car from Philadelphia to Williamsport.

Erie Mail leaves New York 8:00 p. m., Philadelphia 11:20 p. m., Washington 10:00 p. m., Baltimore 11:20 p. m., arriving at Emporium Junction 10:35 a. m., with through Pullman Palace sleeping cars from Philadelphia to Erie and from Washington and Baltimore to Williamsport and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia to Erie.

CHAS. E. PUGH, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Passenger Agt.

LINES OF TRAVEL.

BUFFALO NEW YORK & PHILADELPHIA RAILROAD.

Time Table takes effect May [illegible]

NORTH'D BUFFALO DIVISION. [illegible]

p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	Ar.	Lv.
7 00	1 15	8 40	Buffalo	[illegible]
6 15	12 37	7 50	East Aurora	[illegible]
5 31	12 01	7 17	Sardinia Jun	[illegible]
5 31	11 58	7 11	Arcade	[illegible]
5 10	11 42	6 52	Machias	[illegible]
4 56	11 31	6 40	Franklinville	[illegible]
4 17	11 04	6 09	Hinsdale	[illegible]
3 58	10 47	5 50	Olean	[illegible]

2 15 7 15 Bradford

p.m.	a.m.	Lv.	Ar.
3 41	10 20	Port Allegany [illegible]	[illegible]
3 21	10 05	Eldred	[illegible]
3 15	10 00	Larrabee	[illegible]
2 46	9 35	Port Allegany	[illegible]
1 15	8 35	Emporium	[illegible]

a.m. Lv. Ar.: Harrisburg; Philadelphia; New York; Baltimore; Washington. [illegible]

Trains leaving Buffalo [illegible] Additional Sunday Trains [illegible] arriving at Machias [illegible] leave Machias Jc. 5:50 p. m. [illegible] at 7:35 p. m. [illegible] stations.

CLERMONT BRANCH.

Lv. Northw'd		STATIONS.
P.M.	A.M.	
3.10	9.35	Larrabee
3.00	9.15	Frisbee
2.45	9.00	Farmers Valley
2.31	8.40	Smethport
2.18	7.50	Crosby
2.08	7.20	Colegrove
2.03	7.00	Hamlin
1.53	6.00	Clermont
P.M.	A.M.	

North'd ROCHESTER DIVISION. Stations: Rochester, Ternon, Genesee Junc., Scottsville, Avon, Fowlerville, York, Pavilion, Mt. Morris, Tuscarora, Junction, Portage, Wiscoy, Fillmore, Caneadea, Belfast, Cuba, Hinsdale, Olean; Nunda, Swaines. [illegible]

Narrow Gauge System. Trains [illegible] for Bradford 7.25, 11.00 a. m. [illegible] Olean [illegible] for Bradford 7.10, 11.35 a. m. [illegible] arrive Eldred [illegible] Leave Bradford for Kinzua [illegible] p. m., arrive Bradford [illegible] Sunday Trains.—Leave Olean [illegible] Olean 11.00 a. m.

Trains are run on Eastern Time. Pullman Sleeping Cars between [illegible] and Philadelphia [illegible] 2.00 p. m., arriving Buffalo 7.00 p. m. [illegible] ☞ Tickets sold and baggage [illegible] principle points. Get Time Tables giving full [illegible] Company's Agents.

GEO. S. GATCHELL, Gen. Supt.
J. A. FELLOWS, Gen. Pass. Agt.
No. 41, Exchange St. [illegible]

THE ERIE NARROW GAUGE SYSTEM. BRADFORD BORDELL & KINZUA RAILROAD, and BRADFORD, ELDRED & CUBA RAILROAD. Takes effect [illegible]

WESTWARD. STATIONS. EASTWARD. Stations: Bradford, Kenzua Jc., Aiken, Simpson, Smethport, Rew City, Rixford, Duke Centre, Eldred, Bullis Mills, Ceres, Little Genesee, Bolivar, Allentown, Wellsville; N.Y., L.E. & W.: Hornellsville, Corning, Elmira, Waverly, Owego, Binghamton, New York. [illegible]

Sunday Trains leave Wellsville [illegible] Bolivar at 8.28, Ceres at [illegible] Duke Centre at 9.42, Rixford [illegible] at 10.06, Smethport at 10.16 [illegible] Aiken at 10.45, arriving at Bradford [illegible] Additional train leaves [illegible] Sunday at 5.25 [illegible] at 5.47 and Bolivar at 6.35 p. m. [illegible]

a—Runs daily.
b—Runs daily except Sunday.

JNO. C. McKENNA [illegible]

CUBA BRANCH. To take effect [illegible]

Westward.		Stations.
25	26	
p.m.	a.m.	
3 27	9 07	Ar. Cuba
1 30	7 25	Lv. Little Genesee
4 15	7 10	Bolivar

B. C. WILLIAMS, [illegible]
JNO. C. McKENNA, G. P. A.

Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh Railway Company. New Time Table, take effect [illegible] 1886.

ROCHESTER DIVISION. EASTWARD. STATIONS. Acc. Exp. Mail. Eastern Time. Stations: Rochester, Scottsville, Mumford, Leroy, Pavilion, Wyoming, Warsaw, Silver Lake Jun., Gainesville, Pike, Buss, Farmersville, Machias, Ashford, Ellicottville, Bradford June, Salamanca, Carrollton, Limestone, Bradford, Custer City, Johnsonb'g Jun., Ridgway, Little Toby, Brockwayville, Falls Creek, DuBois, Sykes, Big Run, Punxsutawney, Clayville. [illegible]

BUFFALO DIVISION. EASTWARD. STATIONS. Exp. Mail. Exp. Stations: Buffalo, William st. Dep., Orchard Park, West Falls, Golden, Springville, West Valley, Ashford. [illegible]

Connections for east and west at Rochester with the New York Central and Hudson River R. R., and at Salamanca [illegible] N. Y. P. & O. R. R. for Jamestown [illegible] Cincinnati, Chicago and the west [illegible] Erie R. R. for Hornellsville, and [illegible] at Bradford with the Narrow Gauge [illegible] all points in the oil regions; at [illegible] Philadelphia and Erie R. R. for [illegible] Williamsport, Philadelphia and [illegible]

Connections are made at Buffalo [illegible] Y. C. & H. R. R. R. for Niagara [illegible] Lewiston, Hamilton and Toronto [illegible] M. S. R. R., Michigan Central R. R. [illegible] Trunk Railway for all points [illegible] the west.

Tickets, time tables and full [illegible] be procured at ticket office, N. Y. [illegible] R. depot, Exchange street, Buffalo.

JAS. T. GARDNER, Gen'l Sup't. ISAIAH [illegible] Gen'l [illegible]

COUDERSPORT & PORT ALLEGANY Railroad Time Table, takes effect [illegible] 31, 1886.

AR.	EASTW'D.	STATIONS.
P.M.	P.M.	
6.55	1.18	Coudersport
6.51	1.14	Hammonds
6.43	1.06	Olmsted
6.37	1.00	Nelsons
6.30	12.53	Knowlton
6.23	12.45	Roulette
6.18	12.41	Pomeroy Bridge
6.10	12.33	Burtville
6.03	12.26	Silver Spring
5.56	12.19	Coleman
5.50	12.12	Port Allegany

Trains run on eastern standard time.

R. A. McCL[illegible]

BINGHAM ESTATE.

ROBT. H. ROSE

Is authorized to receive moneys for [illegible] applications to buy lands. He will give information generally, in any business of [illegible] in McKean County. His office is in THE BACKUS BUILDING, SMETHPORT.

ROBT. [illegible] Agent of the Trustees.

Wellsboro, Pa. Dec. 24 1878.